

J. P.		Captiv. of Jehoiak.	Captiv. of Jehoiach.	Zede- niah's Capt.
4154		46]	37	Jehoiachin delivered from prison in the 12th Jewish month, 25th day; answering to about the 10th of March. He died before Evilmerodach. I would place the vision of the ram and he-goat, in the prophet Daniel, this year. See P.R.E.P.
55. 1.		47		Æsop, the fabulist, flourishes at this time.
55. 2.	According to Herodotus and Ctesias, Astyages was deposed this year by Cyrus: if so, it was in concert with Darius, the Mede; and probably he held the crown of Persia while he joined his army with that of Darius against the Babylonians.			28
56	Herodotus adds, that the Median kingdom lasted 132 years, excluding the 28 years of the Scythian invasion.	48		N. B. Solon's visit to Crœsus was most probably in this year; soon after which he died. Pisistratus's first expulsion.
55. 3.				
57	During the government of Pisistratus at Athens, Miltiades, son of Cypselus, of the family of Philæus, son of Ajax (who had settled in Athens soon after the Trojan war), had great influence, and was chosen by the Dolonci as their chief, and possessed the Thracian Chersonesus. This Miltiades fought with the	49		In this year must be placed the vision of Esdras, 2d Book, ch. iii.
55. 4.				Armenia begins to revolt from Media, but is reduced by Cyrus. XENOPH.
58	people of Lampsacus, and was taken prisoner. Soon after restored, at the menace of Crœsus, king of Lydia.	50		Stesichorus, the poet, dies. SUIDAS.
56. 1.				
59		51		If Nabonadius be the Belshazzar of Daniel, the vision of the 4 beasts must be placed here. Daniel, ch. vii.
56. 2.				
60	Miltiades dying without children, soon after, left the dominion to Stesagoras, his nephew; who seems to have held it till after the death of Pisistratus. The time not exactly ascertained. HEROD.	52		Pythagoras is said about this time to have visited Thales. JAMBlichus.
56. 3.				
61		53		If this were the 3d of Belshazzar, place the vision of the ram and he-goat in this year.
56. 4.				

Egyptian Annals.	Tyrian Annals.	Era of Nabonassar.	Lydian Kings.	Median Kings.	A.C.
[10] AMASIS. MYTGONUS and GERASTRATUS, sons of Abdelemus, judges.	[1] 188] ΙΔΟΑΡΟΥΔΑΜΟΥ. Sir J. Marsham supposes Evilmerodach to be the Belhazzar of Daniel.	[2] 188] ΙΔΟΑΡΟΥΔΑΜΟΥ. Sir J. Marsham supposes Evilmerodach to be the Belhazzar of Daniel.	ALYATTES. ASTYAGES	[560] Alyattes dies in Lydia [35 this year; which is the last also of Astyages, king of Media, who is succeeded by DARIUS, the Mede.	
[11] Cyrus began his reign, according to Ctesias, the 30th year before his death. Herodotus says he reigned 29 complete years; but over what country is not known. These two authors say, he conquered Me-	[2] 189] ΝΙΡΙΚΑΣΣΟΛΑΑΣΣΑΡΟΥ. Jan. 10. Evilmerodach, in his 3d year, murdered by NERIGLISSAR, his sister's husband; a warlike prince. JOSEPHUS cont. APIONEM.	[1] 189] ΝΙΡΙΚΑΣΣΟΛΑΑΣΣΑΡΟΥ. Jan. 10. Evilmerodach, in his 3d year, murdered by NERIGLISSAR, his sister's husband; a warlike prince. JOSEPHUS cont. APIONEM.	[1] CROESUS mounts the throne of Lydia in his 35th year. HEROD. Solon retires from Athens.	[1] 559	
[12] dia at this time. See PREF.	[3] 190] Neriglissar was, all his reign, engaged in a war with the Medes; many nations being in the alliance.	[2] 190] Neriglissar was, all his reign, engaged in a war with the Medes; many nations being in the alliance.	[2] 190] Anacreon, of Teos, flourishes about this time. Cœesus attacks and conquers the cities of Ionia.	[2] 558	
[13] Simonides, the poet, born about this time; who lived to the age of 90. PAR. CHR. N. B. The Armenians at this time tributary to the Medes. XENOPH. CYROP.	[4] 191] Jozadak, the son of Se-raiah, the High Priest of Jerusalem, probably died at Babylon about this time; as, according to some, Jeshua was High Priest 53 years.	[3] 191] Jozadak, the son of Se-raiah, the High Priest of Jerusalem, probably died at Babylon about this time; as, according to some, Jeshua was High Priest 53 years.	[3] 191] Near this time Atys, the son of Cœesus, is killed accidentally by Adraustus. The father mourns to the 2d year. HEROD. The Temple of Jupiter Olympius begun by Pisistratus, and continued by his sons.	[3] 557	
[14] According to Herodotus, Anaxandrides and Aristo were now kings of Sparta, and victorious over the Tegeans.	[5] 192] Cœesus, the ally of Neriglissar, attends him in the war against the Medes.	[4] 192] Cœesus, the ally of Neriglissar, attends him in the war against the Medes.	[4] 192] Cœesus, and the allies of Babylon, being baffled, return to their several countries.	[4] 556	Euthydemus, Arch.
[15] N. B. Neriglissar was defeated by the Medes, and slain this year. Xenophon's Cyropædia confirms this point of history.	[6] 193] ΝΑΒΟΝΑΔΙΟΥ. Jan. 9. Laborosoarchod, son of Neriglissar, reigned after him; but as he was slain in the 9th month of his reign, he is not mentioned in the Canon. NABONADIUS succeeds, the grandson of Ne-	[1] 193] ΝΑΒΟΝΑΔΙΟΥ. Jan. 9. Laborosoarchod, son of Neriglissar, reigned after him; but as he was slain in the 9th month of his reign, he is not mentioned in the Canon. NABONADIUS succeeds, the grandson of Ne-	[5] 193] Cœesus, and the allies of Babylon, being baffled, return to their several countries.	[5] 555	
[16] BALATOR. About this time Gobryas and Gadata, Babylonians of great power, revolt to Cyrus. XENOPH.	[1] 194] buchadnezzar; for, according to Jeremiah, the nations were to serve him, and his son, and his son's son.	[2] 194] buchadnezzar; for, according to Jeremiah, the nations were to serve him, and his son, and his son's son.	[6] 194] buchadnezzar; for, according to Jeremiah, the nations were to serve him, and his son, and his son's son.	[6] 554	
[17] MERBAL, sent for from Babylon.	[1] 195] Josephus takes this Nabonadius to be the Belshazzar of Daniel; in which he is followed by Usher, Newton, and many others. See PREF.	[3] 195] Josephus takes this Nabonadius to be the Belshazzar of Daniel; in which he is followed by Usher, Newton, and many others. See PREF.	[7] 195] Josephus takes this Nabonadius to be the Belshazzar of Daniel; in which he is followed by Usher, Newton, and many others. See PREF.	[7] 553	

J. P.		Captiv.of Iehoia&c.		Zedeki- ah's Cap- tivity.
4162	Alcmaeon, son of Megacles, being in high esteem at Athens, entertains the ambassadors, sent by Croesus to Delphi. For this he is enriched by Croesus. HEROD.	54		35
57. 1.				
63	Clithenes, king of Sicyon, proposes his daughter, Agarista, to the most deserving of the Greeks. *	55	War between Sparta and Argos, about Thyrea. Spartans victorious. Croesus makes an alliance with them. HEROD.	36
57. 2.				
64	Megacles, the son of Alcmaeon, is chosen by Clithenes, in preference to many other suitors. The trial of their several merits continued a whole year. *	56	Orpheus of Crotona, an epic poet, much favoured by Pisistratus. SUIDAS. Time uncertain.	37
57. 3.				
65	The Alcmaeonidæ are about this time banished Athens.	57		38
57. 4.				
66		58		39
58. 1.				
67	Pisistratus again expelled from Athens by the Alcmaeonidæ. *	59	Croesus prepares to attack Cappadocia, then subject to the Medes.	40
58. 2.				
68		60	N. B. The Lydians, when Croesus was taken, revolt very soon under Paetrias; but are reduced by Mazares, and Paetrias delivered up. HEROD.	41
58. 3.				

Egyptian Annals.	Tyrian Annals.	Era of Nabonassar.	Lydian Kings.	Median Kings.	A.C.
AMASIS. [18]	MERBAL. [2]	[196] NABONADIOY: [4] Abradatas, king of Susa, revolts to the army of Cyrus. XENOPH.	[4] 8] CRÖESUS. [8] Croësus sends great presents to the Delphian Oracle.	DARIUS. [8]	552
		[197] Jan. 8. [5] Nabonadius about this time sends great treasures to Croësus, his ally.	[5] 9] Pisistratus reduces the island of Naxos, after his first return from exile. Year uncertain.	[9]	551
20] N. B. There were 10,000 [4] Egyptians in the army of Croësus; probably fugitive soldiers, who hired themselves out to foreign powers.		[198]	[6] 10] Croësus hires an army of [10] Egyptians, and other nations, to oppose the Medes. XENOPH. HEROD.		550
21] brother to Merbal.	HIROM, [1]	[199] Cyrus endeavours to seduce [7] the cities of Ionia to revolt from Croësus; but in vain.	[7] 11]	[11]	549
22] Pythagoras, by the advice [2] of Thales, visits Egypt; but soon returns.		[200]	[8] 12] The 4th Delphic Temple [12] built by Trophonius, was burnt this year. PAUSAN.		548
		[201] Jan. 7.	[9] 13] Thales, of Miletus, dies [13] about this time. DIOG. LAER. Anaximander, the philosopher, dies about this time. DIOG. LAER.		547
24] Spintharus, an architect of [4] Corinth, rebuilds the Temple at Delphi. Time uncertain. Anaximenes, the Milesian, dies. DIOG. LAER.		[202] Cyrus marches to assist the [10] Cappadocians, and meets Croësus on the borders of Lydia. Herodotus calls this the battle of Pteria. Abradatas slain.	[10] 14] Croësus defeated by Cyrus, [14] Sardes taken, and the Lydian-kingdom overturned.		546

J. P.		Captiv. of Jehoiak.		Zede- kiah's Capt.
4169		61	Harpagus, the general of Cyrus, marches about this time into Ionia, and reduces the sea coast. Many of the people of Phœœa abandon their country, and found colonies at Velia and Neapolis. <i>HERON.</i> Others place these colonies about 30 years	42
58. +.		62	before ; but there might be two migrations. Caria and Lycia reduced by Harpagus. Chios and the islands are saved ; the Persians having no fleet.	43
70		63		44
59. 1.				
71		64		45
59. 2.				
72		65		46
59. 3.				
73		66		47
59. 4.				
74		67	In this Olympiad Pythagoras was at his highest reputation as a philosopher. His school continued, it is said, for 19 generations ; probably successions. <i>Diog. Laer.</i>	48
60. 1.				
75		68		49
60. 2.				
76				
60. 3.				

Egyptian Annals.	Tyrian Annals.	Era of Nabonassar.	Median Kings.	A.C.
AMASIS.	HIROM.	[203] NABONΑΔΙΟΥ. [11]	D A R I U S. [15]	545
25] Amasis, king of Egypt, [5] Cyrus, on his return from Sardes, is said to have contributed greatly to subdues all the Upper Asia. The exact time of each conquest not known. Delphi.			Theognis, a poet of Attica, began to compose about this time. The Lydian kingdom being overturned, the Greeks begin to fear the power of the Medes.	
26] At this time the Phoenicians not subject to the Medes. HEROD.	[6] 204	[12]		[16] 544
27]	[7] 205	Jan. 6.	[13] Pherecydes, of Syros, is said to have flourished about the 59th Olympiad. DIOG. LAER.	543
			This was the earliest prose writer, says Pliny; who places him in the reign of Cyrus.	
28]	[8] 206	[14]		[18] 542
29]	[9] 207	[15]		[19] 541
30]	[10] 208]	Cyrus and the Medes make [16] war on Babylon, and march this year to the river Gyndes, where they rest all the summer. HEROD.	Bupalus and Anthermus, two [20] celebrated carvers in Chios. PLIN.	540
31]	[11] 209]	Jan. 5. Cyrus marches with all his forces as far as the walls of Babylon, which he besieges for some time in vain.	[17] Pherecydes, of Syros, dies. [21] Pythagoras is said to have buried him in Delos. EUSEB.	539
32]	[12] 210]	ΠΕΡΣΩΝ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΣ. [1] ΚΥΡΟΥ.	[1] Darius, the Mede, and Cyrus, [22] conjointly take Babylon this year. Daniel is delivered from the lions by a miracle. Darius 62 years old.	538

J. P.		Capv. of Iheriat.		Zede- kiah's Capt.
4177		69		50
60. 4.				
78	Cyrus was most probably at the palace of the Medes in this year; for the edict, in favour of the Jews, was dated at Achmetha, which was the same as Ecbatana. See JOSEPHUS.	70	The Jews are permitted to return, by an edict of Cyrus, with the vessels of the Temple. Those that returned were 42,360, and 7,337 servants. In the 7th month the altar is set up.	51
61. 1.				
79				52
61. 2.			In the 2d year after the return, the foundation of the Temple is laid; but interrupted soon after by the Samaritans. Ezra, ch. i, ii, iii, iv.	
80				53
61. 3.			Zorobabel, of the line of David, was the leader in this expedition, as well as Jeshua, now High Priest, the son of Jozadak, who died at Babylon.	
81				54
61. 4.				
82				55
62. 1.				
83				56
62. 2.				
84			N. B. The brothers of Polycrates, Syloson and Pantagnostus, share the power with him. EUSEB.	57
62. 3.				

Egyptian Annals.	Tyrian Annals.	Era of Nabonassar.	Median Kings.	A.C.
AMASIS.	HIROM.	[211] KYPOT.	[2] D A R I U S. [23]	537
33] N. B. The Median king- [13] dom continued 172 years, from Deio- Medes defeated at Pasargadæ, in Per-		During this year there was a war be- between Cyrus and the Medes. The	During the reigns of Cyrus and Cambyses, the Carthaginians were very powerful at sea, as appears from Herodotus and Thucydides.	
34] At this time, most prob- [14] ably, Cyrus released many captive Egyptians; who, returning into Egypt, restored the country to its former state. This is the end of the 40 years calamity, predicted by Ezek. ch. xxix. ver. 11.		212] Cyrus rules over Media, [3] Babylonia, and Persia; from the Euxine Sea to the Gulf of Persia; from the Indies to the Mediterranean.	2d return of Pisistratus to Athens.	536
35]	[15]	[213] Jan. 4. [4] Xenophon adds Egypt to the conquests of Cyrus; but this is not proved from history, nor does he seem certain of the fact himself.	Thespis introduced tragic representations, in this Olympiad, into Greece. SUIDAS. PAR. CHR.	535
36]	[16]	[214]	[5]	534
37]	[17]	[215]	[6] TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS suc- ceeds Servius Tullius, 4th year 61st Olympiad. DION. HAL.	533 Heracleides, Arch.
38]	[18]	[216]	[7]	532
39]	[19]	[217] Jan. 3.	[8] According to Eusebius, Polycrates seized the power, at this time, in the island of Samos.	531
40]	[20]	[218] Cyrus is said to have marched [9] against the Northern nations in the latter part of his reign; though this contradicts Xenophon's relation. See PREF.	Aristotle commends him for employing the Samians in great works; one of which was probably the Temple of Juno.	530

J. P.				Zeno- bius's Capt.
4185				59
62. 1.				
86				58
63. 1.				
87	Cimon, the Athenian, father of the great Miltiades, is about this time put to death, by the sons of Pisistratus. HEROD.			60
63. 2.				
88				61
63. 3.				
89	Pythagoras, being taken by Cambyses, is carried to Babylon, aged 44, where he resided 12 years. This account of Jamblichus seems to be very erroneous. It is more probable he was at this time 80.			62
63. 4.				
90	Etruscans, Umbrians, and Daunians, make war upon Cumæ, in Italy. DION. HAL.			63
64. 1.				
91				64
64. 2.				
92				65
64. 3.				

Egyptian Annals.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
41] A M A S I S.	219] ΚΑΜΒΥΣΟΥ. Cyrus being slain, CAMBYSES, his son, takes the crown. Some time after there were great dissensions in the family, and Smerdis, the only brother of Cambyses, is slain by his order.	[1] Rhœcus, and Theodorus, Samians, great architects, and who first brought the casting of brass figures to perfection.	529
42]	220]	[2] Polycrates recommends Pythagoras, the philosopher, to Amasis, of Egypt.	528
43] About this time Amasis renounces the alliance of Polycrates, of Samos.	221] Jan. 2. Cambyses is furnished by Polycrates with 40 gallies, manned with persons whom he suspected, and afterwards banished.	[3] Hippias and Hipparchus take the government on the death of Pisistratus; 18 years before their expulsion.	527
44] Amasis dies, in his 44th year, when Cambyses was preparing to invade his kingdom. HEROD.	222]	[4] Polycrates banishes his brother, Sylon; who retires to Cambyses. The Pisistratidæ, about this time, make an alliance with Sparta. HEROD.	526
PSAMMENITUS, having reigned six months, is defeated, made captive, and slain by Cambyses, who reduces Egypt to be a Persian province.	223] Cambyses, in this year, [5] marches against Egypt, and conquers it; the councils of Egypt being betrayed by Comphabeus, an eunuch. CTESIAS.	N. B. Ctesias calls the king of Egypt, whom Cambyses conquered, Amyrtæus; and says he was sent to Susa with 6,000 Egyptians.	525
From Herodotus it is plain, the Tyrians, though subject to the Persians, had a great fleet at this time; and that the Persian king was in some awe of their power.	224] Cambyses intending to attack Carthage, the Phœnician sailors refuse to conduct his army.	[6] Æschylus, the poet, born at Eleusis. He was the son of Euphorion. PAK. CHR.	524 Miltiades, Archon.
	225] Jan. 1. Eclipse of the moon, July 16.	[7] According to Pliny, Polycrates was crucified this year by Oroetes, governor of Sardes. Year of Rome 230, according to Varro's computation.	523
	226] A Magian, about this time, [8] takes the name of SMERDIS, and assumes the throne.		522

J. P.					Zede- kiah's Capt.
4193					66
64. 4.					
94	2d year of Darius, 6th month, Haggai, the prophet, reproves the Jews for negligence, incites them to build the Temple, and promises God's help to Zorobabel. On this Zorobabel and Jeshua begin to build the house of God; but are molested by the governors, till the decree of Darius.			In the 2d year, 8th month, the word of the Lord came to Zechariah, the prophet; and in the 11th month, 24th day (corresponding with the beginning of the 3d year of Darius, in the Canon 229), the vision of the horses must be placed.	67
95					68
65. 2.					
96				4th of Darius, 4th day of the 9th month, Chislev, viz. about the 20th of November, Zechariah reproveth the fasting; the very latter end of the 69th year of the captivity. Zechariah, ch. vii.	69
97					70
65. 4.	The Temple finished in the 12th month of this year, Adar, corresponding with half of February and March; consequently in the beginning of the 6th year of Darius. Thus				
98	we see 70 years completed, from the destruction of the old Temple and the finishing of the new. Ezra, ch. vi. ver. 15.				
66. 1.	N. B. If we reckon the captivity from the 4th month, 9th day, when the city was taken, then the 70th year will not be finished till June, in the 6th of Darius.				
99	Pythagoras, about this time, returns from Babylon, being ransomed by Gillus, of Crotone. Fact uncertain. <b>APULEIUS.</b>			About this time, Stesagoras being slain by a deserter in the Thracian Chersonesus, the sons of Pisistratus send his brother, Miltiades, to take the government.	
66. 2.					
4200	Megabyzus, the governor of Thrace, for the king of Persia, takes the cities in Pœonia, and translates the inhabitants into Asia. <b>HEROD.</b>			Miltiades marries Hegesipyle, a daughter of Olorus, king of Thrace; the mother of Cimon. <b>HEROD.</b>	
66. 3.				Mandrocles, of Samos, a famous artist and painter at this time.	

Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
About this time the houses and tombs of the Alcmaeonidæ are destroyed by the sons of Pisistratus. <i>ISOCRATES.</i>	227] ΔAPEΙΟΥ πρωτᾶ. [1 Cambyses is slain in his march from Egypt. Smerdis reigns a few months. Slain by a conspiracy of the seven noble Persians, who appoint Darius, the son of Hystaspes, descended from Achæmenes. He marries Atossa, daughter of Cyrus.		521
Pindar, the Theban poet, born about this time. Sylodon made prefect of Samos, by Darius.	228] Darius having searched the records in Media, finds the decree of Cyrus in favour of the Jews; which he confirms, and orders the Temple to be rebuilt. <i>Ezra, ch. vi. ver. 1—12.</i>	The Samians, having been settled 5 years at Cydonia, in Crete, are expelled in the 6th by the people of Ægina. <i>HEROD.</i>	520
The city of Platæa, in Greece, enters into alliance with Athens, 93 years before its destruction. They had before offered themselves to the Spartans, through Cleomenes, the king; but were refused. The Thebans attack the Platæans, but are repulsed by the Athenians. The Corinthians are mediators, and save Platæa.	229] Dec. 31. [3 Darius, in the first part of his reign, replaced Sylodon in Samos, with the sovereignty of the island. <i>HEROD.</i>	Eusebius says, these Samians afterwards founded Dicæarchia, afterwards called Puteoli, in Italy.	519
	230] [4		518
	231] Babylon revolts from Darius, [5 and is besieged all this year.		517
	232] Babylon taken by a stratagem of Zopyrus, after having been blocked up 1 year 8 months. <i>HEROD.</i> N. B. Clem. Alex. places this 6 years later; 243 years after Varro's account of Rome's foundation.	N. B. The Parian Chronicle begins the reign of Darius at the taking of Babylon, so that he was not, probably, quite settled till now.	516
	233] Dec. 30. [7		515
Sylodon, of Samos, was now dead; for his son Æaces, of Samos, attended Darius into Scythia. Pythagoras returns to Samos, but leaves it soon.	234] About this time Darius [8 undertakes an expedition against the Scythians, in which he is baffled; Histiaeus, of Miletus, saves the Persian army.	According to Ctesias, Darius first ordered Ariamnes, Satrap of Cappadocia, to attack Scythia; who invades them with a fleet of 50 vessels, and takes Masagetes, the king's brother, prisoner.	514

J. P.	Consular Table.	U. C.	Transactions in Greece.
420 <sup>1</sup>	The Scythians apply to the Spartans to join in attacking the Persians. Cleomenes, the king, is sent as ambassador to Scythia. HEROD.		Miltiades expelled from the Chersonese by an irruption of the Scythians; but is soon restored by the Thracians. HEROD.
66. .			
2	The Alcmæonidæ, yet in exile, rebuild the Delphian Temple. The Oracle encourages the Spartans to deliver Athens. HEROD.		Anchimolius, the Spartan, is sent to deliver Athens, but is defeated and slain. HEROD. Cleomenes, now king of Sparta.
67. .			
3			Cleomenes, king of Sparta, joins the exiled Alcmæonidæ against Hippias. They march to Athens, but do not succeed at first.
67. .			
4	At this time the Phœnician fleets infest the coasts, being stationed at Tenedos. Miltiades abandons the Chersonese, and flies to Athens.		The family of Hippias are taken prisoners; on which he submits, and retires from Attica.
67. 3.	His son is taken, and treated well by Darius. HEROD.		
5	At this time, says Eusebius, the dominion of Rome extended only to the 15th mile from the city.		Clisthenes, one of the Alcmæonidæ at Athens, grandson of Clisthenes, king of Sicyon, and Isagoras, the son of Tisander, contest for power at Athens. Clisthenes prevails, and soon after establishes ten tribes at Athens; the names of all of them taken from the heroes of Athens, except Ajax, who was admitted as a
68. 1.	Tarquin being expelled, L. Jun. Brutus, and Tarq. Collatinus, are made CONSULS; afterwards Sp. Lucretius, and P. Val. Publicola I. Then M. Horat. Pulvillus. Census 130,000 fighting men. DION. HAL.	245	neighbour, having been chief of Salamis. Hecataeus and Dionysius, historians, flourish in the reign of Darius. SUIDAS.
7	P. V. Publicola II. Tit. Lucretius. War with Porsenna, according to Livy, this year.	246	
68. 2.	About this time the Crotoniatæ destroy Sybaris. DION. 63 years before the foundation of Thurium.		
8	P. V. Publicola III. M. Horat. Pulvillus II. or, according to Livy, P. Lucretius.	247	Aristæus succeeds Pythagoras in his school.
68. 3.			

Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
Aristogiton and Harmodius, this year, slay Hipparchus. Hippias soon after marries his daughter Archedice to Æantides, tyrant of Lampsacus. PAR. CHR.	235] ΔAPEΙΟΥ πρωτῆ. [9 Megabyzus, the general of Darius, reduces Thrace, and makes the Macedonians submit, without fighting. Alexander, the son of Amyntas, murders the Persian noblemen; but		513
Amyntas, king of Macedonia, submits to Darius.	236] the affair is stifled by Alexander's contrivance. [10	Dorieus, brother of Cleomenes, is rejected by the Spartans; though, by his mother, he had a better right to the crown.	512
Phrynicus, the tragedian, flourishes in the 67th Olympiad;—a scholar of Thespis. SUIDAS.	237] Dec. 29. [11	Dorieus, the Spartan, about this time conducts a colony to Cinyps, in Libya. HEROD.	511
About this time Hippias expelled from Athens, in the 20th year before the battle of Marathon.	238] Darius invites Hippias, [12 when banished from Athens. He first retired to Sigeum, but afterwards attends the court of Persia. HEROD.	Anaxagoras, the philosopher, born. DIOG. LAER.	510
Amyntas, king of Macedonia, offers Anthemus, a small city, to Hippias; the Thessalians, the city Iolcos. HEROD.	239] About this time Darius [13 sends Scylax, a Carian, on discoveries, from the Indus to the Arabian gulf. HEROD.	Dorieus, ejected out of Africa by the Libyans and Carthaginians, returns to Peloponnesus. HEROD.	509
Carthage makes the first treaty with Rome, when M. Horatius was consul. The Romans had Latium in alliance, or subject to them, at this time; and the Carthaginians had Africa, Sardinia, and part of Sicily. POLYB. I. iii.	240] On the return of Scylax, [14 Darius conquers a part of India, and subjects it to a tribute of 360 talents of gold. HEROD.	About this time Dorieus leads his forces into Sicily. Some say he assisted the Crotoniate against the Sybarites. It is agreed he was slain not long after by the Ægestans and Phœnicians. HEROD.	508 Pythagoras, Archon.
Pythagoras dies, 99 years old.	241] Dec. 28. [15 Histiaeus, of Miletus, having displeased Darius by fortifying a town in Thrace, is detained at the court.	N. B. Cylon formed a conspiracy at Crotona, just before the death of Pythagoras.	507
About this time Otanes, who succeeded Megabyzus as general, takes Byzantium, Chalcedon, Lemnos, and Imbros; being assisted by the Lesbian fleet. Lemnos resists, but is forced to submit to Lycaretus, brother of Maandrius, tyrant of Samos. Lycaretus slain not long after. HEROD.	242] The Naxians, having banished the richer citizens, appeal to Aristagoras, who governed Miletus in the place of Histiaeus, being his nephew.	N. B. Near this time Cleomenes, king of Sparta, attacks Eleusis, in Attica, but without success. This is the fourth expedition of the Dorians into Attica. HEROD.	506

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Transactions in Greece.
4209	Sp. Lartius, T. Herminius.	248	The party of Isagoras call in Cleomenes of Sparta, who expels Clisgenes and his faction, and afterwards 700 other families, and seizes on the citadel ; but is obliged to retire soon after.
68. 4.			
10	M. Val. Volusus, P. Postumius Tubertus. Aristodemus gains the sovereignty of Cumæ, in Campania. DION. HAL.	249	The party of Clisgenes recalled. The Athenians send an embassy to Sardes. Time uncertain. HEROD.
69. 1.			
11	P. Val. Publicola IV. T. Lucretius II.	250	About this time Hippias endeavours to recover his power in Athens, by Artaphernes, the Persian, who orders the Athenians to receive Hippias again.
69. 2.			
12	P. Postum. Tubertus II. Agrippa Menenius.	251	Sparta refuses aid to Aristagoras ; who applies to Athens, where he is more favourably received.
69. 3.			
13	Opiter Virginius Tricostus, Sp. Cassius Viscellinus.	252	Athens determines to assist the revolted Ionians. Cimon, the Athenian, born about this year.
69. 4.			
14	Postumius Cominius Auruncus, T. Lartius Flavus.	253	The Athenians, joined by the Eretrians, sail with their fleet to Miletus, where the army is disembarked ; but not being successful, the Athenians abandon the cause.
70. 1.			

Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
	243] ΔΑΠΕΙΟΥ πεωτῶν. [17] Aristagoras, about this time, endeavours to reduce Naxos for the Persians. Artaphernes gives him forces, and orders Megabates, the Persian, to obey him. Megabates, from envy, baffles the attempt of Aristagoras; who immediately revolts, by the advice of Histiaeus.	The Athenians defeat the Bœotians and Chalcideans. N. B. Hippias applies to the Lacedæmonians to restore him; but, from the opposition of the Corinthians, he is refused, though an old ally. He next applies to the Persian governor, Artaphernes.	505
Jeshua, the High Priest, dies at Jerusalem, CHR. PASCH. having governed 32 years. Joakim, called also Esdras, his son, High Priest.	244] [18]		504 Acestorides, Archon.
The Ionian cities join in the revolt against Darius, some time about the middle of this year.	245] Dec. 27. [19] Isaiah had foretold that Tyre should be restored in 70 years after the desolation; which was completed this year. Isaiah, ch. xxiii. Darius having now a pressing occasion for the fleets of Phœnicia, most probably restored the Tyrians to their city and their trade as before: but it is plain from Zechariah, they were now much enriched by commerce. Zechariah, ch. ix. ver. 3, 4.		503
Suidas places Heraclitus, the philosopher, as flourishing in this Olympiad.	246] Eclipse of the moon, Nov. 19. [20]		502
Xanthus Lydius, the historian, flourishes at this time. Herodotus is said to have imitated his style. ATHENÆUS.	247] [21]	About this time Cyprus revolts under Onesilus, of Salamis.	501
Simonides famed for his poetry before the burning of Sardes. HEROD.	248] The Athenians and Eretrians join the Ionians; march into Lydia, and take and burn Sardes; but the citadel is defended by Artaphernes. HEROD. The Ionians fly back to Miletus.	The Phœnicians, now favoured by Darius, send their fleet against the revolted Cyprians, and reduce them again to slavery. HEROD.	500 Myrus, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Transactions in Greece.
42 B.C.	Ser. Sulpicius Camerinus, M. Tullius Longus.	254	Pratinas, the first satyric writer, flourishes about this time. <i>SUIDAS.</i>
70. 2.			
16	P. Veturius Geminus, T. Æbutius Helva.	255	
70. 3.			
17	T. Lartius II. L. Clœlius. First Dictator, T. Lartius. Censuſ 150,700 fighting men.	256	Sophocles, the tragic poet, born about this time. <i>PAR. CHR.</i>
70. 4.			
18	A. Sempron. Atratinus, M. Minucius Augurinus.	257	Hellenicus, the historian, born 65 years before the Peloponnesian war. <i>A. GELL.</i> Empedocles, grandfather of the poet Victor, this Olympiad. <i>D. LAER.</i>
71. 1.			
19	A. Postumius, T. Virginius. Dictator, A. Postumius. Battle of Regillæ. Tarquin dies at Cumæ.	258	Phrynicus, the tragic poet, produces the Taking of Miletus, as a tragedy. <i>STRABO, HEROD. &amp;c.</i>
71. 2.			
20	App. Claudius, P. Servilius. <i>PLIN. HIST. NAT.</i> l. xxxv. c. 3. Anaxilas reigns at Rhegium. Overturns the laws of Charondas. <i>DIOD. SIC.</i>	259	
71. 3.			
21	A. Virginius Cœlimontanus, T. Veturius. Romans abandon Rome, and retire to the Mons Sacer.	260	Cleomenes, king of Sparta, sails for Ægina, to chastise the inhabitants for adhering to the Persians during his absence. Demaratus accuses him of cruelty, but on his return he is acquitted.
71. 4.			
22	Postumus Cominius II. Sp. Cassius II. Tribunes of the people created, 2 in number. Censuſ 110,000 fighting men.	261	Demaratus, accused of illegitimacy by Cleomenes, is removed, and Leotychides substituted.
72. 1.			

Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
	249] ΔΑΠΕΙΟΥ πεωτῶν. Dec. 26. [23]		499
	250] About this time the Carians [24 revolt, and are joined by the Mile- sians; but they are defeated.		498
	251] The Ionian fleet beaten, [25 and Miletus, the head of the confede- racy, taken, in the 6th year from the beginning of the general revolt.		497
	252] The Persian fleets reduce [26 the islands.		496 Hipparchus, Arch.
	253] Dec. 25. [27 This year Darius takes the Euro- pean towns on the Hellespont, by his fleets.	Artaphernes takes Clazomenæ and Cyme. Aristagoras sails into Thrace, where he is slain soon after.	495 Philippus, Arch.
According to Herodotus, Amyntas was king of Macedonia at this time; whose son, Alexander, murders the Persians at a feast.	254] Mardonius sent into Thrace. [28 He restores the popular government in many cities, loses part of his fleet by doubling the Cape of Mount Athos, and is defeated by the Thracians: he, however, subdues Macedonia.		494
About this time Bubaris is sent to revenge the death of the Persians; but is reconciled by marrying Gygæa, the daughter of Amyntas.	255] The Greeks are ordered to [29 submit, and send earth and water; which many do, and particularly the inhabitants of Ægina.		493
Cleomenes, soon after, is seized with a frenzy, and kills himself. Time un- certain.	256] Demaratus, the Spartan, [30 is well received by the Persians.		492 Diogenes, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta.	Transactions in Greece.
4223	T. Geganius, P. Minucius. Famine at Rome. Gelon, king of Syracuse, applied to for relief. <b>DION. HAL.</b> Aristotle places him about 6 years later. See <b>PAUSAN.</b> who agrees with <b>DION. HAL.</b>	262	2	This Leotychides, king of Sparta, claimed the crown through Theopompus, his 9th ancestor.
24	A. Sempr. Atratinus II. M. Minuc. Augurinus II. Coriolanus tried, and condemned by the people to banishment. About this time, as some say, Plebeians were admitted into the senate. <b>DION. HAL.</b> l. vii. p. 469.	263	3	Miltiades, with 9,000 Athenians, and 1,000 Platæans, defeats the Persians at Marathon.
25	Q. Sulp. Camerinus, Sp. Largius Flavus II.	264	4	Miltiades, failing in his attempt on the isle of Paros, comes home wounded, is tried, and fined; and soon after dies. <b>HEROD.</b>
72. 4.	C. Julius Julius, P. Pinarius.	265	5	
26	Sp. Nautius, Sextus Furius. Coriolanus besieges Rome, but retires. Theron, of Agrigentum, begins his government. Reigns 16 years, 1st of 73d Olympiad.	266	6	Æschylus gains the prize in tragedy. Stefichorus, of Himera, comes into Greece. <b>PAR. CHR.</b> Euripides born.
28	C. Aquilius, T. Sicinius. About this time Gelon, of Syracuse, expels the Megareans, <b>THUCYD.</b> having a little before gained the sovereignty of Syracuse. <b>ARISTOTLE.</b>	267	7	
29	Sp. Cassius III. Proc. Virginius. N. B. Diodorus Siculus places these consuls in the archonship of Calliades; the 1st of the 75th Olympiad.	268	8	N. B. Cassius, the consul, proposes dividing the lands of the Hernici between the Romans and Latins. Great discord at Rome. <b>LIVY.</b> This the first Agrarian law; not passed.
30	Ser. Cornelius, Q. Fabius. Cassius, the late consul, put to death. Gelon, of Syracuse, about this time destroys Camarina, and transfers the inhabitants to Syracuse. <b>HEROD.</b>	269	9	Herodotus, the historian, born at Halicarnassus, 53 years before the Peloponnesian war. <b>A. GELL.</b>

Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
The people of <i>Ægina</i> complain to the Spartans of Leotychides. He is delivered into the hands of the <i>Æginetæ</i> , but sent back soon. <i>HEROD.</i>	257] ΔΑΠΕΙΟΥ πρωτε. [31 Dec. 24. Eclipse of the moon, April 25.	The Athenians at war with <i>Ægina</i> . Both sides suffer much. <i>HEROD.</i>	491 Hypatides, Archon.
Hippias, the tyrant, was at the battle of Marathon, in the 20th year after his expulsion. <i>THUCYD.</i>	258] The Persians, led by Datis [32 and Artaphernes, take Eretria, in Eubœa; then marching, by the direction of Hippias, to Marathon, are beaten. 6,400 slain.		490 Phanippus, Archon.
Æschylus, the poet, was at this battle, aged 35. <i>PAR. CHR.</i>	259] Darius places the Eretrian [33 prisoners in Cissia, giving them lands. He prepares for another expedition into Greece.	Simonides, son of Simonides, grandfather to the famous poet of that name, and himself a poet, died, most probably, at Athens this year. Olympiad 72. 4. <i>PAR. CHR.</i>	489
	260] 2d year of the preparation. [34		488 Archies, Arch.
	261] Dec. 23. [35 3d year of the preparation.		487 Philocrates, Arch.
	262] Egypt revolts from Darius, which he prepares to reduce. [36		486
	263] ΣΕΠΞΟΥ. [1 Darius dies before the 5th year after the battle of Marathon is ended. XERXES preferred, as being the grandson of Cyrus, and born after Darius was king.	Epicharmus and Phormis, Sicilians, invented comedy 6 years before the Persian war. Greatly favoured by Gelon and Hiero. <i>SUIDAS.</i>	485 Ariades, Arch.
Damastes, of Sigeum, an historian of good repute, was coeval with Herodotus. <i>SUIDAS.</i>	264] Egypt reduced by Xerxes, [2 and Achæmenes made governour of it as a province. Preparation made for the war against Greece.		484 Leosthenes, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
423 <sup>1</sup>	L. Æmilius, K. Furius. N. B. Dionysius of Halicarnassus calls this 2d consul, Cæso Fabius.	270	10		
74. 2.					
32	M. Fabius, L. Valerius.	271	11		
74. 3.					
33	C. Julius, Q. Fabius II.	272	12		
74. 4.					
34	K. Fabius II. Sp. Furius. These consuls are placed by Diodorus in the 1st of the 76th Olympiad.	273	13	Macedonia, Thessaly, and Bœotia, submit to Xerxes. The Athenians abandon the city to man their fleet. The city burnt by Xerxes.	Leonidas slain.
75. 1.	Nine Judges chosen to determine the Olympic games. The Agrigentines begin their great works about this time.				
35	Cn. Manlius Cincinnatus, M. Fabius Vibulanus II. Phæax, a celebrated architect in Sicily. Diod. Carthaginian army totally destroyed in Sicily by Gelon. Diod. Sic.	274	14	Mardonius again entering Attica, Athens is again abandoned; but relieved soon after by the victory at Platæa, under Pausanias and Aristides.	Plistonax.
75. 2.					
36	K. Fab. Vibulanus III. T. Virginius Tricostus. Gelon dies in Sicily, according to Aristotle de Repub. in his 8th year. Diod. Sic. Hiero succeeds.	275	15	The Athenians repair the city, and rebuild their walls.	2
75. 3.				PAUSANIAS, as tutor to Plistonax, son of Leonidas, acts as king. Sestos taken by Xantippus.	
37	L. Æmilius, C. Servilius; who dying, C. Cornelius is chosen. Hiero greatly favours learning; entertains Pindar, Simonides, &c.	276	16	This while Pausanias drives the Persian garrisons out of the Greek cities; but joins in a conspiracy with Xerxes, which is discovered. The Piræus fortified. Adimantus, Archon. Simonides, the son of Leoprepes, flourished at Athens, Par. Cirr. and gained the Choragic prize, being 80 years old. Val. Max.	3
75. 4.					
38	C. Horatius, T. Menenius Agr. This latter called Minutius by Diodorus Siculus, and placed in the 1st year of the 77th Olympiad. Anaxilas, tyrant of Rhegium and Zancle, dies. Diod. Sic.	277	17	Pausanias is recalled to his trial, and acquitted of treason.	4
76. 1.					

Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A. C.
	265] ΣΕΡΞΟΥ. Dec. 22. 2d year of the preparation for the war, which lasted 3 years. HEROD.		483 Nicodemus, Archon.
	266] 3d year of the preparation. [4 N. B. Compute this year from the summer solstice.		482
	267] The preparation being made, [5 and the troops assembled, Xerxes sets out from Sua.		481
The Carthaginians attack Gelon, in Sicily, in concert with Xerxes; but are miserably defeated, and the whole army destroyed. DIOD. SIC.	268] Xerxes passes the Hellespont [6 in the spring, forces the Straights of Thermopylæ, and loses the battle of Salamis. Eclipse of the sun, October 2.	Euripides, the poet, born this year. Lived 75 years. Mapen, or Marten, king of Tyre under the Persians at this time. Tetramnestus, king of Sidon. Æaces, of Samos, dies soon after, and is succeeded by Theomestor.	480 Calliades, Archon.
The Archæanactidæ reign in the Cimmerian Bosphorus. DIOD. SIC. Alexander, king of Macedonia, is sent to the Athenians by Mardonius, to make peace, which is refused; but he gives the Greeks good advice.	269] Dec. 21. [7 Xerxes flies into Asia, leaving Mardonius in Greece, who is defeated at Platæa, and slain. Xantippus, the same day, conquers the Persian fleet at Mycale.	After the battle of Mycale, Samos, Chios, and Lesbos shake off the Persian yoke.	479 Xantippus, Arch.
Demareta, wife of Gelon, coins medals, of ten drachmas of Athens.	270] Cyprus and Byzantium reduced by Pausanias. He releases the Persian captives, to gain Xerxes' favour.		478 Timophenes, Archon.
	271] [9		477 Adimantus, Arch.
	272] [10		476 Phædon, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4239	A. Virginius Tricostus, Sp. Servilius. Diodorus calls him Caius Servil. The sons of Anaxilas govern at Rhegium some years.	278	18	Pausanias sails to the Hellespont, and corresponds with Xerxes.	5
76. 2.					
40	C. Nautius, P. Valerius. The Cumæans, in Italy, conquer the Etruscans, by the aid of Hiero. DIOD. SIC.	279	19		6
76. 3.					
41	L. Furius, A. Manlius. Census 103,000 fighting men. DION. HAL. Decreased 7,000 in 19 years. A war between the Tarentines and the Iapyges.	280	20	Pythagoras is said to have died about this time at Crotona, being near 100 years old. JAMBlichus.	7
76. 4.					
42	L. Aemilius III. Vopiscus Julius, or Opiter Virginius. Theron, of Agrigentum, dies. Succeeded by Thrasydæus, his son. DIOD. SIC.	281	21	Democritus born in this Olympiad; others say in the 80th Olympiad. Ten Judges appointed to preside at the Olympic games.	8
77. 1.					
43	L. Pinarius, P. Furius. Volero, the tribune, proposes a law, that the tribunes and aediles should be chosen by tribes.	282	22	Themistocles accused of treason by the Spartans, but acquitted; yet soon after he is banished by Ostracism. DIOD. SIC.	9
77. 2.					
44	Appius Claudius, T. Quintius. Volero's law passed. According to Cato, the Tuscans founded Capua, in Italy, this year. Others place it 330 years before. V. PATERC.	283	23	Cimon gains two victories in one day, by sea and land, over the Persians. Pausanias, carrying on his treason, attempts to corrupt Themistocles, now residing at Argos.	10
77. 3.					
45	L. Valerius II. Tib. Aemilius.	284	24 Leotychides, king of Sparta, banished.	First differences between Athens and Sparta begin now.	11
77. 4.					
46	T. Numitius Priscus, A. Virginius Calimontanus.	285	1 Archidamus, king of Sparta.	The Argives destroy Mycenæ this year. Archidamus, king of Sparta, reigned 42 years. Pericles about this time begins to be chief amongst the Athenians.	12
78. 1.					

Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
The Platæans build a Temple to Minerva, out of the Persian spoils, about this time, adorned with paintings.	273] ΣΕΠΣΩΤ. [11 Dec. 20.		475 Dromoclides, Archon.
	274] [12		474 Acesorides, Archon.
	275] [13		473 Menon, Arch.
Dandes, of Argos, gains the victory at Olympia. DIOD. SIC.	276] [14		472 Chares, Archon.
Thucydides, the historian, born. According to Isocrates, the Spartans held the chief command in Greece, to the 10th year from the battle of Salamis.	277] Dec. 19. [15 N. B. Democritus born. Lived 109 years. 40 years younger than Anaxagoras. DIOG. LAER.	The Thebans bring the statue of Apollo from Delos to Delium, in Boeotia. HEROD.	471 Praxiergus, Arch.
	278] Joakim, the High Priest, [16 dies at Jerusalem;—governed 34 years. Sophocles, the tragedian, now 28 years old, gains a prize. The Archon of this year some call Aphepsion.	N. B. Aristides about this time, or a little before, makes Athens the head of the confederacy against the Persians.	470 Demotion, Arch.
This year, according to Diodorus, the Spartans besiege Ithome. The great earthquake happened too this year, if we follow Diodorus. N. B. These events may more probably be placed in the 4th of Archidamus.	279] Eliashib made High Priest. [17	Socrates born this year. Aphepsion, Archon. DIOG. LAER.	469 Aphepsion, Arch.
	280] [18	In this archonship a stone is said to have fallen from the sky. Simonides, the poet, dies, aged 90. PAR. CHR.	468 Therogenides, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	King of Sparta
4247 78. 2.	T. Quintius II. Q. Servilius. Hiero dies at Syracuse, having reigned 11 years 8 months. Thrasybulus succeeds. DIOD. SIC.	286	2	Pausanias, being recalled, takes sanctuary in the Chalcidæcos; where he is starved to death.	13
48 78. 2.	Tib. Aemilius II. Q. Fabius. Agrarian law creates discord. A colony sent to Antium, to quiet it. LIVY. Thrasybulus expelled from Syracuse. Democracy established.	287	3	The Spartans accuse Themistocles of being a confederate with Pausanias. The Athenians unjustly condemn him. He flies to Corcyra, and then to Admetus, the king of the Molossians.	14
49 78. 4.	Sp. Postumius, Q. Servilius.	288	4	The Athenians besiege Thasos and Aegina, and send a colony to Amphipolis; which is soon after destroyed by the Thracians, near Drabescus. Great earthquake in Sparta. PLUTARCH. N. B. The Helots and Messenians attempt to attack Sparta. Cimon prevents the Athenians joining in the attack. Pindar, the Theban poet, dies. SUIDAS.	15
50 79. 1.	Q. Fabius II. T. Quintius III. Census 124,215 fighting men. LIVY, l. iii. c. 3. Increased 21,215 in 10 years. Diodorus ascribes these consuls to the 1st of the 80th Olympiad.	289	5	Themistocles flies to the Persians, Artaxerxes being newly seated on the throne. THUCYD. and CHARON. Diodorus places this fact under the reign of Xerxes.	16
51 79. 2.	A. Postumius, Sp. Furius. N. B. The Athenians force the Thasians to submit, in the 3d year of the war. THUCYD.	290	6	Egypt revolts from Persia, assisted by the Athenians, who defeat the Persians. The Athenians, says Thucydides, were in Cyprus with 200 ships, but abandon that island for Egypt.	17
52 79. 3.	L. Aebutius, P. Servilius.	291	7	Thucydides, the historian, born 40 years before the Peloponnesian war. A. GELL. Ephialtes, an Athenian, deprives the Areopagus of its power.	18
53 79. 4.	L. Lucretius, T. Vetur. Geminus. N. B. Ephialtes assassinated by the Athenian nobles. PLUTARCH. Rhegium recovers its liberty. DIOD. SIC.	292	8	The Athenians banish Cimon, as favouring Sparta.	19
54 80. 1.	P. Volumnius, Serv. Sulp. Camerinus. Diodorus places these consuls in the 1st of the 81st Olympiad.	293	9	Plistonax, the son of Leonidas, was an infant when his father was slain; so that his power was of short continuance.	20

Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
Panyasis, a poet, flourishes in this Olympiad. <i>SUIDAS.</i>	281] ΣΕΠΣΟΥ. [19 Dec. 18.		467 Lystratus, Arch.
N. B. Aristides dies the 2d year of the 78th Olympiad.			
Anaxagoras, the philosopher, flourishes. <i>PLIN.</i>	282] Xerxes had by Amestris [20 three sons, now grown up; Darius, Hyrcanus, and Artaxerxes. <i>CTESIAS.</i>		466 Lygianus, Archon.
	283]	[21 Inarus, the son of Psammitichus, was king of the Libyans, bordering on Egypt, at this time. <i>THUCYD.</i>	465 Lysetheus, Archon.
Siege of Ithome begun by the Spartans. <i>PAUSAN.</i>	284] ΑΠΤΑΣΕΠΣΟΥ πρωτεῖ. [1 The reign of Artaxerxes begins about midsummer; Xerxes being slain by Artabanus the latter end of the 4th year of the 78th Olympiad.	Xenophon victor at Olympia. Inarus revolts in Egypt, about the same time with the revolt of the Helots in Sparta. <i>THUCYD.</i>	464 Archimedes, Archon.
Artabanus persuades Artaxerxes that Darius was the murderer of Xerxes; on which Darius is put to death. The treason soon discovered, and Artabanus slain. <i>CTESIAS.</i>	285] Dec. 17. [2 Achæmenes sent by Artaxerxes against the revolted Egyptians. He is defeated. Sparta refuses aid to Artaxerxes against Egypt.	Hyrcanus, the 2d son of Xerxes, revolts in Bactria. The first battle was with equal loss; in the second, Artaxerxes gains a complete victory. Bactria submits. <i>DIOD.</i> and <i>CTESIAS.</i>	463 Tlepolemus, Archon.
Cimon sent to assist the Spartans with Athenian forces; but they are soon dismissed. The Athenians make a league with Argos.	286] This year the Persians are [3 defeated, and driven within the white wall; a part of Memphis.	The feast of Artaxerxes, and the divorce of queen Vashti, happened this year, or the beginning of the next. See <i>PREF.</i> Esther, ch. i.	462 Cimon, Arch.
	287] Artabazus and Megabyzus [4 are appointed to act in Egypt; and spend the year in preparations.	About this time Mordecai, the Jew, introduces his uncle's daughter into the palace of Artaxerxes, who went through the year of purification.	461 Euripus, Arch.
1] Macedonian Kings. Under Euippus died Alexander, king of Macedon. Succeeded by his son, PERDICCAS. <i>PAR. CHR.</i> Heraclitus flourishes in philosophy. <i>EUSEB.</i> More probably this was the year of his death.	288] This year the Egyptians [5 are partly brought over or conquered. The Athenian troops honourably dismissed; though, according to Thucydides, but a small number remained. Inarus, the author of the revolt, betrayed and crucified. <i>DIOD. SIC.</i>	After a year's purification, Hadassah, or Esther, is chosen by the king.	460 Perdiccas, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4255 80. 2.	P. Valerius Popl. II. C. Claud. Sabinus. Valerius slain. Cincinnatus created in his room. Deucetius, king of the Siculi, founds the city Menæus, and takes Morgantina. <b>Diod.</b>	294	10	About this time Ithome surrenders to Sparta, if we follow Diodorus. Athens succeeds in the war against Ægina and Corinth.	21
56 80. 3.	Q. Fabius Vib. L. Cornelius Matugin. Census 132,409 fighting men. Encreased 8,294 in 6 years. N. B. Plistonax, king of Sparta, being a minor, Nicomedes, his uncle, is commander in chief.	295	11	Athens assists Megara against Corinth. Sparta assists the Dorians against the Phocians. Athens and Argos join in the quarrel. A battle at Tanagra, undecided. Truce between Athens and Sparta. N. B. Cimon, the Athenian, offers his service at Tanagra, but is refused.	22
57 80. 4.	L. Minutius, C. Nautius Rut. II. Cincinnatus, dictator.	296	12	Myronides defeats the Bœotians, destroys Tanagra, and conquers all the country. They had now, according to Thucydides, finished the long walls. Lysias, the orator, born. <b>Plistonax, son of Pausanias.</b>	1
58 81. 1.	C. Horatius Pulv. Q. Minutius Aug. The tribunes of the people encreased to ten. Diodorus seems to advance one year, by naming between these years, as consuls, Cincinnatus and M. Fabius.	297	13	Tolmides destroys Gythium, and takes Zacynthus, Cephalenia, and Naupactus.	2
59 81. 2.	M. Valer. Maximus, Sp. Virgin. Tricostus. Mount Aventine built upon this year.	298	14	Tolmides, in Bœotia. Pericles, the Athenian, ravages Peloponnesus, and takes many cities in Acarnania.	3
60 81. 3.	T. Romilius, C. Veturius Cicur. In Diodorus these consuls are in the 1st year of the 83d Olympiad. Agrarian law much insisted on by the tribunes at Rome.	299	15	A five years truce between Athens and Sparta, according to Diodorus Siculus. Thucydides seems to place it three years after. Pindar, the Theban, dies.	4
61 81. 4.	Sp. Tarpeius, A. Aterius. Commissioners of consular dignity are sent out to collect the laws in Greece and Italy. Deucetius, in Sicily, forms a confederacy of the cities. <b>Diod.</b>	300	16	Pericles attacks Sicyon, and the coast of Achaia. Phidias, the sculptor, flourishes at this time.	5
62 82. 1.	Pub. Horatius Terg. Sex. Quintilius Varus.	301	17	Ictinus and Callicrates, architects, build the Temple of Minerva, at Athens, about this time.	6

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
PERDICCAS. 2] Hippocrates, the physician of Cos, born this Olympiad. Lysias born while Philocles was Archon.	289] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΟΥ πέρωτος. [6 Dec. 16. The fenny parts of Egypt still hold out under Amyrtaeus.	According to Herodotus, Thannyras, son of Inarus, had a command in Egypt conferred on him by the Persians.	459 Philocles, Arch.
3]	290] In the 7th year of Artaxerxes was the decree for restoring the Jews, and allowing them a civil polity of their own. Ezra receives the decree. Eliashib, High Priest.	N. B. Esther crowned queen of Persia about December this year; or it might be the next year in the era.	458 Bion, Archon.
4] Cimon, about this time, recalled in the 5th year of his exile. CORN. NEPOS. Pericles draws up the decree.	291] This year, before the 7th year [8 of Artaxerxes was expired, Ezra comes to Jerusalem, in the 5th month, accompanied by 1,496 males, and settles the government; but the Jews are not permitted to rebuild their walls.	N. B. The Levites that returned with Ezra, were 258; the whole number of males, 1,754.	457 Mnesithides, Archon.
5] Æschylus dies in the archonship of Callias, aged 69. PAR. CHR.	292] Mordecai, about this time, [9 discovers a conspiracy against the king, and reveals it to Esther, and she to Artaxerxes. The conspirators executed.	N. B. Xenocles defeated Euripides in the prize of tragedy at the Olympic games. AELIAN. Var. Hist.	456 Callias, Archon.
6] Ithome taken, in the 10th year of the siege, by the Spartans. THUCYD. The inhabitants of Messenian origin are settled at Naupactus. THUCYD.	293] Dec. 15. [10 About this time Haman, the Agagite, was promoted to be the prime minister of Persia.		455 Sofistatus, Arch.
7] A three years truce begun about this time between Athens and Sparta: Cimon the mediator. THUCYD.	294] Mordecai, the Jew, uncle [11 to the queen, refuses to bow to Haman.		454 Ariston, Archon.
8]	295] In the 1st of Nisan, this [12 year, Haman, being offended at Mordecai, procures a decree to extirpate the Jews on the 13th day of the 12th month, Adar.		453 Lycurgates, Arch.
9] Athenian colony sent to Naxos, under Tolmides. N. B. Inarus crucified by Megabyzus.	296] Mordecai reveals this decree [13 to Esther. The Jews fast. Mordecai is honoured by the king for discovering the conspiracy of Bigthan and Teresh. Esther solicits the king in favour of the Jews; is favourably heard, and the decree counteracted. Haman executed.		452 Chaeroneus, Archon

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4263	P. Sext. Capitolinus, T. Menenius Lanatus. The Roman commissioners return out of Greece. Deucetius, being worshipped in Sicily, flies to Syracuse, and from thence is sent to Corinth. Diod.	302	18	Corinth and Delphi, about this time, encourage painting. The first contest between painters decided at Delphi about this time.	7
82. 2.					
64	Decemviri appointed at Rome: consuls and the other officers abolished, except the tribunes.	303	19	Cimon, the Athenian, fails to Cyprus, and is successful against the Persians.	8
82. 3.	Some Thessalians endeavour to form a settlement on the site of ancient Sybaris. Diod.				
65	Decemviri continued; but 3 Plebeians now admitted. The 12 Tables completed this year.	304	20	Cimon this year continues in Cyprus; besieges the city of Salamis; but dies before Cittium. Panænus, the brother of Phidias, a painter. Plin.	9
82. 4.					
66	Decemviri continue in office, by electing themselves; but abdicate at the end of the year.	305	21	The city of Megara breaks the alliance with Athens, and joins with Sparta. The Athenians ravage the territory, but Sparta supports its new ally.	10
83. 1.					
67	L. Valerius Potit. M. Horat. Barbatus. These consuls triumph, by the vote of the people, against the consent of the senate. Diodorus places these consuls in the 3d year of the 84th Olympiad.	306	22	Tolmides, against the advice of Pericles, leads an army into Boeotia; but is defeated and slain at Chæronea. Athenians lose their power over the Boeotian cities.	11
83. 2.					
68	Lart. Herminius, T. Virg. Cœlimontanus. Thurium, in Italy, founded by Lampon and Xenocrates, 63 years after the destruction of Sybaris.	307	23 Years of the Truce. i.	Eubœa, this year, revolts, but is conquered by Pericles. Plistonax, king of Sparta, attacks Attica, but retires, for which he is banished. In this Olympic year a truce for 30 years is concluded between Sparta and Athens; 14 years and some months before the Peloponnesian war.	12
83. 3.					
69	M. Geganius Macer. C. Julius Julius. Diodorus places these consuls in the 1st of the 85th Olympiad.	308	24 ii.	In the 4th year of the 83d Olympiad, Eusebius says that Herodotus read his history at Athens; but he did not finish it till some years after.	13
83. 4.					
70	T. Quint. Capitolinus IV. Agrippa Furius. Empedocles, the poet of Agrigentum, flourishes.	309	25 iii.	Colony sent from Athens to Thurium, in Italy, this year, or the beginning of the next.	14
84. 1.					

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
<b>PERDICCAS.</b> 10] This year the last of the three years truce between Athens and Sparta; but soon after renewed for five years. THUCYD.	297] APTAΞEPΞΟΥ περτζ. [14 Dec. 14. The feast of Purim, or lots, instituted by the Jews, in memory of their deliverance from Haman.		45 <sup>1</sup> Antidotus, Arch.
11] Cimon takes Citium; destroys the Phœnician fleet.  Ion, a tragic poet of Chios, flourishes in this Olympiad. SUIDAS.	298] Amyrtæus still holds out [15 against Artaxerxes in the fenny parts of Egypt, and receives some aid from Athens.		45 <sup>0</sup> Euthydemus, Archon.
12] Themistocles dies in Asia this year.	299] After the death of Cimon, [16 the Athenians abandon Cyprus and Egypt. In the 4th year of the 82d Olympiad the Persians make a very disadvantageous peace with Athens, giving up all the sea coast of Asia Minor. DIOD.		449 Pediæus, Arch.
13]	300]	[17]	44 <sup>8</sup> Philiscus, Archon.
14]	301] Dec. 13.	[18]	447 Timarchides, Archon.
15]	302]	[19]	44 <sup>6</sup> Callimachus, Archon.
16]	303] In the month Chisleu, or [20 about November this year, Nehemiah hears that the walls of Jerusalem are not rebuilt. Nehemiah, ch. i. ver. 1—3.		445 Lyrmachides, Archon.
17]	304] About March this year, [21 but before the 20th of Artaxerxes was expired, Nehemiah receives a commission to rebuild the walls. Nehemiah, ch. ii.	N. B. Thucydides, the Milesian, banished from Athens by Ostracism; the last opponent of Pericles.	444 Praxiteles, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
427 <sup>1</sup> 84. 2.	M. Genutius, C. Curtius. Plebeians and Patricians are permitted to intermarry. A demand made of Plebeian consuls; but the senate allow of military tribunes, three in number, who may be Plebeians.	310	26 Years of the Truce. iv.	Lysias, the orator, accompanies the colony to Thurium. Protagoras, of Abdera, gives laws to the Thurians. DIOD. LAER.	15
72 84. 3.	Military tribunes elected, but all Patricians. A. Sempronius, L. Ætilius, T. Cœlius. These abdicating 3 months after, consuls are chosen. L. Papirius, L. Sempronius.	311	27 v.	A general peace amongst the states of Greece and in Persia this year.	16
73 84. 4.	M. Geganius II. T. Quintius V. The office of censor instituted.	312	28 vi.	This year the Samians and Milesians are at war about Priene. The Athenians are drawn into the dispute. Pericles leads the army against Samos, and takes it. DIOD.	17
74 85. 1.	M. Fabius Vibulanus, Post. Æbutius Cornicen. Deucetius dies. DIOD. Syracusans destroy Trinacria. DIOD.	313	29 vii.	This expedition against Samos probably occupied part of this Julian year. Philoxenus, the dithyrambic poet, born.	18
75 85. 2.	C. Furius, Man. Papirius Crassus.	314	30 viii.	War, concerning Epidamnum, between Corcyra and Corinth.	19
76 85. 3.	M. Geganius Macerinus, L. Menenius Lannatus.	315	31 ix.	This year the Corcyreans defeat the Corinthians at sea.	20
77 85. 4.	T. Quintius Capitol. VI. Agrippa Menenius. Cincinnatus, dictator; kills Sp. Mælius. In Diodorus, these were consuls in the 1st of the 87th Olympiad.	316	32 x.	The Corinthians prepare for war. The Athenians send a colony to Amphipolis, under Agnon, the son of Nicias. DIOD. SIC. THUCYD.	21
78 86. 1.	Military tribunes, 3 elected, all Patricians. Mamercus Æmilius, L. Quintius, L. Julius.	317	33 xi.	Corcyra joins in league with Athens, and by the help of the latter, defeats the Corinthians a second time. Isocrates born.	22

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
18] PERDICCAS.	305] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΟΥ περτε. [22 Dec. 12. The Samaritans obstruct Nehemiah; yet the building of the wall goes on.		443 Lystris, Arch.
19]	306]	[23]	442 Diphilus, Arch.
20] N. B. Thucydides one of the leaders of the troops sent from Athens; from which situation he was probably recalled. THUCYD.	307] The Samians revolt from [24 Athens, and deliver up the garrison to Pissuthnes, the Persian governor of Sardes; which draws on Samos the re- sentment of Athens.	Nehemiah finishes the walls and gates of Jerusalem on the 25th of Elul. Josephus says, they had been building 2 years 4 months. The gates were set up in 52 days. NEHEM. JOSEPH. The feast of the tabernacles this year.	441 Timocles, Arch.
21]	308]	[25]	440 Myrichides, Arch.
22] Phidias carves his Minerva of ivory. EUSEB.	309] Dec. 11.	[26]	439 Glaucus, Arch.
23] The Archæanactidæ fail in the Cimmerian Bosporus. Spartacus succeeds this year, and reigns 6 years.	310]	[27]	438 Theodorus, Arch.
24] Polygnotus, of Thasos, a painter, flourishes about this time.	311]	[28] Propylæa, at Athens, begun. Euthy- menes, Archon. Mnesicles, the archi- tect. HARPOCR. Finished in 5 years. PLUTARCH.	437 Euthymenes, Arch.
25] Aristophanes produces his co- medy of The Acharnians. Euthymenes, Archon.	312]	[29]	436 Lysimachus, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4279	M. Geganius Macerinus III. L. Sergius Fidenas. Mam. Aemilius, dictator. C. Corn. Cossus gains the Spolia Opima.	318	34 Years of the Truce. xii.	Potidæa, and the Chalcidic territory, revolt from Athens, instigated by Corinth and Perdiccas, king of Macedonia; but are defeated by the Athenians at Pallene.	23
86. 2.					
80	M. Corn. Maluginensis, L. Papir. Cossus. The Tarentines, in Italy, drive out the inhabitants of Siris; who remove, and found Heraclea.	319	35 xiii.	Archidamus, king of Sparta, dies, according to Diodorus Siculus, succeeded by Agis; but Thucydides places this event about the 2d of the 88th Olympiad, in which he should be followed.	24
86. 3.					
81	C. Julius II. L. Virginius.	320	36 xiv.	This year the lunar cycle is invented by Melon, and first published on the 13th day of Scirrophorion. Diod.	25
86. 4.					
82	C. Julius III. L. Virginius II. Mam. Aemilius, dictator II. Diodorus omits either this year or the former.	321	37 xv.	Athenians gain the battle of Potidæa 6 months before the Peloponnesian war. THUCYD.	26
87. 1.					
83	Military tribunes, M. Fab. Vibulanus, M. Fossius, L. Sergius Fidenas. Eclipse of the sun observed at Athens: not total. THUCYD.	322	38 Years of the Peloponnes. War. i.	Peloponnesian war began this year, 2 months before the archonship of Pythodorus ended. The Thebans attack Platæa; the Spartans and allies, Attica. The Athenian fleet ravages Peloponnesus.	27
87. 2.					
84	Military tribunes, L. Pinarius Mamercus, or Macerinus, L. Furius Medullinus, Sp. Postumius Albus.	323	39 ii.	The Peloponnesians attack Attica. Plague at Athens. War between the Ambraciots and Amphilochians. Potidæa surrenders.	28
87. 3.					
85	T. Quintius Cincinnatus, C. Julius Mento. Postumius, dictator. These consuls are placed by Diodorus in the 1st of the 89th Olympiad.	324	40 iii.	Platæa blockaded by the Peloponnesians. Phormio gains two naval victories in the Crisæan gulph. Sitalces, king of Thrace, invades Macedonia with 150,000 men. Pericles dies.	29
87. 4.					

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	Ephori of Sparta.	A.C.
PERDICCAS. 26] Phrynicus, a comic writer, flourishes in this Olympiad. SUIDAS.	313] APTAΣΕΡΕΩΥ πρωτῆ. Dec. 10.	[30]		435 Antilochides, Arch.
27] It is probable, Malachi closed his prophecies at this time; about 430 years before our Saviour's birth.	314]	[31]		434 Chares, Archon.
28] Spartacus, the Bosporan king, dies this year. Succeeded by Seleucus; who reigned 4 years.	315] In the 32d year of Artaxerxes, Nehemiah returns to Persia, having governed Judea 12 years.	[32]		433 Appeudes, Archon.
29] Propylaea, at Athens, finished this year; cost 2,012 talents. HARPOCR.	316] Nehemiah returned very soon to Judea, having obtained leave of the king, Artaxerxes, and governs with full powers. Nehemiah, ch. xiii. ver. 7.	[33]	[Aenesias.]	432 Pythodorus, Archon.
30] In this Olympiad flourished Scopas, the statuary; as also Agelades, the master of Polycletus. PLIN.	317] Dec. 9. Eliashib still High Priest at Nehemiah's return. Manasses, the son of Joiada, flies to Sanballat, his father-in-law, being banished by Nehemiah. The Temple at Gerizim probably founded by him; though, as it is not	[34]		431 Euthydemus, Arch.
31]	318] mentioned by Nehemiah, it might not be till after his death. NEHEM. and JOSEPH.	[35]	Eliashib, the High Priest, dies at Jerusalem, probably very old;—governed 40 years.	430 Apollodorus, Archon.
32] Carthage began this year to get strength in Sicily, by assisting one party in that island. LIVY, l. iv. c. 29. Seleucus, the Bosporan, dies.	319]	[36]	Joiada High Priest in the room of Eliashib, his father. [Sosratidas.]	429 Eumelion, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4286	L. Papirius Crassus, L. Julius. Gorgias, the rhetorician, flourishes at this time in Leontium, in Sicily. Diod.	325	41 Years of the Peloponnesian War. iv.	Plataea still blockaded. Part of the garrison escape. Lesbos revolts, and is admitted into the Peloponnesian league, but attacked by the Athenians; and Mitylene besieged. Mitylene surrenders to Paches. The bloody decree of Cleon, at Athens, reversed. Spartans invade	30
88. 1.					
87	L. Sergius Fidenas, Host. Lucretius. The Leontines, in Sicily, oppressed by the Syracusans, demand help of Athens. A fleet is sent, and the Syracusans make peace. D. od.	326	42 v.	Attica. Platæa surrenders: the inhabitants slain. Nicias takes Minoa. Sedition at Corcyra this year.	31
88. 2.					
88	T. Quintius Pennus, A. Cornel. Cossus. Between these and the next following consuls, Diodorus places L. Quintius and A. Sempronius in the 1st of the 90th Olympiad.	327	Agis. I vi.	Great earthquakes. Demosthenes once defeated in Ætolia: gains the victories of Olpæ and Idomene soon after. AGIS now king of Sparta.	32
88. 3.					
89	C. Servilius Ahala, L. Papirius II.	328	2 vii.	The Athenians send a fleet to Sicily, who take Pylus in their road, and fortify it. The Spartans, endeavouring to retake it, are defeated in Sphaerætia. The Athenians refuse the Spartans peace. Nicias defeats the Corinthians at Solygia. Sedition at Corcyra ended.	33
88. 4.					
90	Military tribunes, 4 elected, all Patricians. T. Quint. Pennus, &c. Mam. Æmilius, dictator. In Diodorus, the 3d of the 90th Olympiad.	329	3 viii.	The Athenians defeated by the Bœotians at Delium. Nicias takes Cythera. Brasidas marches into Thrace. Acanthus revolts; Amphipolis is taken. Thucydides saves Eion, but is banished.	34
89. 1.					
91	Military tribunes, 4 elected. A. Sempron. Atratinus, &c. Diodorus omits 6 years between the years of Rome 329 and 342.	330	4 ix.	Brasidas takes many places in Thrace. Truce for a year between the Spartans and Athenians; but not observed. Temple of Juno, at Argos, burnt.	35
89. 2.					
92	Military tribunes, 4 elected. App. Claud. Crassus, &c.	331	5 x.	Cleon sent into Thrace against Brasidas. Both these generals slain at the battle of Amphipolis. Nicias proposes a peace.	36
89. 3.					
93	C. Sempron. Atratinus, Q. Fabius Vibulanus.	332	6 xi.	The peace concluded in the winter, which ends with a treaty of alliance between Athens and Sparta; yet great jealousies immediately arise.	37
89. 4.					

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	Ephori of Sparta.	A.C.
PERDICCAS. 331 Spartacus II. brother to Seleucus, succeeds. N. B. In the 19th year of his exile, Plistonax, king of Sparta, is recalled. THUCYD.	320] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΟΥ πρωτ. [37]	N. B. Plato, the philosopher, born. Diog. Laer. from Apollodorus. [Hexarchus.		428 Dictinus, Arch.
34] Sitalces, king of Thrace, attacks Macedonia, and ravages it; but an army of Grecians being ready to attack him, he makes peace with Perdiccas. DOD.	321] Dec. 8. [38]	N. B. Eudoxus, of Cnidus, a philosopher, contemporary with Plato. SULIAS. [Agesistratus.		427 Eucleas, Arch.
35] Mitylene, in Lesbos, soon recovered its losses; having been in Pliny's time a flourishing place for 500 years; which falls in with this year, or nearly so.	322] [39]	[Angenidas.		426 Euthydemus, Arch. iter.
36] Thericles, a potter, about this time invented the Thericlean cups. ATHENÆUS.	323] [40]	[Onomacles.		425 Stratoles, Arch.
37] Eclipse of the sun visible at Athens; not total. THUCYD. Ameipsias acts a comedy, called The Public, at Athens. ATHENÆUS.	324] Artaxerxes sends Artaphernes ambassador to Sparta, who is seized in Thrace by the Athenians. Artaxerxes dies about this year, though mentioned in the transactions of the preceding year by Thucydides.	[41] Aristophanes produces The Knights; Stratoles, Archon. [Zeuxippus.		424 Isarchus, Archon.
38] According to Athenæus, Protagoras, the sophist, arrives at Athens this year.	325] ΔΑΡΙΟΥ διετ. [1] Dec. 7. After the death of Artaxerxes, Xerxes reigned about 2 months, and Sogdianus 7 months; when Ochus, the governour of Hyrcania, and natural son of Artaxerxes, removes Sogdianus, and	[Pityas.		423 Aminias, Archon.
39] The Vespaæ of Aristophanes produced. Aminias, Archon. Eupolis produces his comedy of The Flatterers, at Athens. ATHENÆUS.	326] reigns in peace, taking the name of DARIUS. [2]		[Pleistolas.	422 Alesius, Archon.
40] Pherecrates, the poet, produces the comedy of The Savages, at Athens, this year. ATHENÆUS.	327] It appears from Nehemiah, that he governed Judah in this reign. The time uncertain. Nehemiah, ch. xii. ver. 22.	[3]	[Clinomachus.	421 Ariion, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4294	Military tribunes, 4 elected. L. Manlius Capitol. &c.	333	7 Years of the Pelopon. War. xii.	The fortress of Panactum demolished, contrary to treaty, by the Boeotians. The Argives, being alarmed, make a treaty with Athens, through the means of Alcibiades.	38
90. 1.		334	8	This summer was a continued war between Epidaurus and Argos.	39
95	Numer. Fabius Vibul. T. Quint. Capitolinus. Two more quæstors appointed.		xiii.		
90. 2.					
96	Military tribunes, 4 elected. L. Quint. Cincinnatus, &c.	335	9	The Argives fail in the attack on Epidaurus. The Spartans march next summer, and gain the battle of Mantinea. Argos submits to a peace.	40
90. 3.			xiv.		
97	Military tribunes, 4 elected. Agrippa Menenius, &c.	336	10	Mantinea submits to the terms of Sparta. A sedition at Argos. They attempt to build walls down to the sea, which are destroyed by the Spartans.	41
90. 4.			xv.		
98	Military tribunes, 3 elected. M. Papirius Mugill. &c.	337	11	Alcibiades forces the Argives into a league with Athens.	42
91. 1.	Servil. Priscus, dictator. A colony sent to the city of Lavici. Livy.		xvi.	Melos taken by the Athenians. All the males slain.	
99	Military tribunes, 4 elected. P. Lucretius, Agrippa Menenius II. &c.	338	12	The Athenians resolve on an expedition to Sicily, under Nicias, Lamachus, and Alcibiades; but the latter is banished, and flies to Sparta. Nicias lands at Syracuse.	43
91. 2.			xvii.		
4300	Military tribunes, 4 elected. A. Sempron. Atratinus III. &c.	339	13	Nicias invests Syracuse. The Spartans send Gylippus to Sicily.	44
91. 3.	Hermocrates, of Syracuse, saves his native city by a vigorous defence.		xviii.	The Athenians join with the Argives, and openly break the truce.	
1	Military tribunes, 4 elected. P. Cornelius Cossus, &c.	340	14	Gylippus arrives, and saves the city of Syracuse. Nicias receives new reinforcements, but is defeated, and obliged to surrender. Attica invaded; Decelea fortified.	45
91. 4.	The victorious Syracusans put Nicias and Demosthenes to death.		xix.		

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings.	Ephori of Sparta.	A.C.
PERDICCAS. 41] In this Olympiad flourished Aglaophon, Apollodorus, and other painters. Protagoras returns to Athens. PLATO.	328] ΔAPEΙΟΥ δευτ. [4 About this time Arsites, the brother of Darius, revolts, being assisted by Artyphius, who is taken, and put to death with Arsites. CTESIAS.		[Hilarchus.	420 Artyphius, Archon.
42] In the reign of this Darius, Polydamas, of Scotus, the great wrestler, flourishes. SUIDAS.	329] Dec. 6. [5		[Leon.	419 Archias, Arch.
43]	330]	[6	[Chæridas.	418 Antiphon, Archon.
44]	331]	[7	[Patesiadas.	417 Euphemus, Arch.
In the winter of the 15th year the Athenians declare Perdiccas a public enemy.				
45]	332] Bithynia cruelly ravaged this year by the Chalcedonians and Byzantines.		[Cleosthenes.	416 Aristomenes, Arch.
46] Perdiccas dies about this time. Diagoras, the atheist, expelled Athens. DION.	333] Dec. 5. [9 About this time Pisuthnes, governor of Sardes, revolts from Darius; but is betrayed by Lycon, the Athenian, his general. Tisaphernes has his government. The duration of this war uncertain.		[Lycarus. Aristophanes's comedy of The Birds, acted.	415 Chabrias, Archon.
1] ARCHELAUS, the son of Perdiccas, succeeds to the crown of Macedonia. He greatly improves Macedonia, and reforms the military much more than the 8 kings before him had done. THUCYD. He was, too, a favourer of learning, and entertained	334]	[10	Joiada dies, having governed 16 years as High Priest of Jerusalem. The Phœnissæ of Euripides, acted about this time.	414 Pisander, Archon.
2] Euripides in his court.	335]	[11	[Eperatus. 1] AMYRTÆUS acknowledged king by the Egyptians this year. EUSEB. [Onomantius. Jannæus, or Jonathan, High Priest, son of Joiada.	413 Clearius, Arch.
			This year Amorges, son of Pisuthnes, revolts from Darius, in Carja.	

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4302	Military tribunes, 4 elected. Q. Fab. Vibulanus II. &c. Postumius, a military tribune, slain by his soldiers. Syracuse sends aid to the Spartans. <i>XENOPH.</i>	341	15 Years of the Pelopon. War xx.	Chios, Rhodes, and Miletus, revolt from Athens. Lesbos and Clazomenæ too revolt, but are reduced.  Alcibiades recalled by the troops at Samos.	46
92. 1.		342	16 xxi.	The popular government restored at Athens, which had been overturned the preceding year. Thrasylus gains the battle of Cynosæma; takes Cyzicus; but all Eubœa, except Oreum, revolts. Alcibiades recalled by the people.	47
3	M. Cornelius Cossus, L. Furius. The Syracusans banish Hermocrates, and the other commanders who are aiding the Spartans.	343	17 xxii.	Mindarus takes Cyzicus, but is soon defeated by Alcibiades, and slain. Sparta offers to make peace, which is refused. Hegesander, the Spartan, beats the Athenians. Sparta retakes Pylus. Agis attacks Athens, but fails. Thrasylus defends the city. <i>DIOD. SIC.</i>	48
92. 2.	Q. Fabius Ambustus, C. Furius Pacilus.	344	18 xxiii.		49
92. 3.	Diodorus places the consuls of the former year in the 3d of the 92d Olympiad.	345	19 xxiv.	The Athenians fortify Thoricus. Thrasylus attacks Asia, but is foiled at Ephesus. Takes some Syracusan vessels.	50
5	M. Papirius Atratinus, Sp. Nautius Rutilus.	346	20 xxv.	Alcibiades defeats Hippocrates early this year. Returns to Athens about May; sets out for the fleet about July. Lysander commands the Spartans. Battle of Notium. The Athenians defeated. Alcibiades banished.	1
92. 4.	Diodorus places these consuls in the following year.	347	21 xxvi.	Callicratidas, the Spartan, commands the fleet, and besieges Conon, in Mitylene; who is relieved by the battle of Arginusæ. Athens victorious. Callicratidas slain.	2
6	M. Æmil. Mamerinus, C. Valerius Potitus.	348	22 xxvii.	Lysander takes the command of the Spartan fleet. The Athenian fleet destroyed at Ægospotamos, all but 8 ships, which escaped with Conon to Cyprus.	3
93. 1.	Hermocrates endeavours, in this or the former year, to be recalled, by force, from exile; but is slain by the Syracusans. <i>DIOD. SIC.</i>				Platonax dies.
7	Cn. Cornelius Cossus, L. Furius. 3 Quæstors, out of the Plebeians, elected. Dionysius gains some authority in Syracuse; Euctemon, Archon.				Pausanias.
93. 2.					
8	Military tribunes, 3 elected, all Patricians. C. Julius, &c. P. Cornelius Cossus, dictator. Dionysius gains the sovereignty of Syracuse. <i>DIOD.</i>				
93. 3.					
9	Military tribunes, 4 elected. C. Valerius Potitus II. &c. Dionysius makes war unsuccessfully, with the Carthaginians, and submits to a dishonorable peace.				
93. 4.					

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings.	Ephori of Sparta.	A. C.
<b>ARCHELAUS.</b> 3] N. B. The Government of 400 established at Athens, which lasted 7 months.	336] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ δευτ. [12 Darius makes two treaties with the Lacedæmonians this year. Alcibiades revolts to Tissaphernes. Tissaphernes attacks Iasus, and takes Amorgos, by means of the Peloponnesians.	2] AMYRTÆUS.	412 [Alexippidas.	Callias, Arch.
4] Lysias, the orator, returns to Athens, in his 47th year; DION. HAL. before the archonship of Callias was expired.	Dec. 4. 337] Darius makes a 3d treaty [13 with Sparta in his 13th year, before the 20th year of the war was expired.	3] Lysias, the orator, gains a prize in the Choragic festival; Theopomitus being Archon.	411 [Myrgolaidas.	Theopomitus, Arch.
5] Archelaus, king of Macedonia, takes Pydna this year. DIOD. SIC.	338] The canon of the Old Testament is closed in the reign of this Darius. [14	4] Amyrtæus practises in Phœnicia to cause a revolt.	410 [Hysias.	Glaucippus, Arch.
6] N. B. The history of Thucydides ends in August, in the 22d year of the war. The remainder drawn from Xenophon.	339] During the time of Janæus, High Priest of Jerusalem, the Book of Chronicles was made up. Nehem. ch. xii. ver. 23.	5]	409 [Aracus.	Diocles, Archon.
7] The Rhodians unite in building one fine city, called Rhodes. Theopomitus of Chios born. SUID.	340] In this year the Medes, who had revolted, were reduced to obedience. [16	6] Amyrtæus dies, or is slain by the forces of Darius. This year PAUSIRIS, his son, is set up. HEROD. EUSEB. AFRIC. SYNC. (Euarchippus.	408	Eudemus, Arch.
8] Spartacus, the Bosporan, dies about this time, having reigned 23 years by computation. Satyrus succeeds.	341] Dec. 3. Cyrus, the son of Darius, appointed governor of Asia Minor. [17	1] Pausiris reigned 6 years. EUSEB. But the country was tributary to Persia. HEROD. This king is called by other writers, NEPHERITES. See SYNCELLUS. [Pantacles.	407	Antigenes, Arch.
9] The Carthaginians take Agrigentum in Sicily. Satyrus, the Bosporan, reigns 14 years.	342] Cyrus the brother of Artaxerxes, now governor of the provinces in Asia Minor, makes a strong interest with the Asiatics and Greeks. [18	2] Euripides, the poet, dies, aged 75, in Macedonia: others make him only 70. Sophocles dies, aged 91 years.	406 [Pityas.	Callias, Archon.
10] The Carthaginians gain Gela, Camarina, Himera, and Selinus by the peace. Agrigentum utterly destroyed.	343] Cyrus sent for by Darius, to visit him in Media, being then sick; he had before allotted Lyfander with money. [19	3] Callias, Archon. Aristophanes produces the comedy of The Frogs.	405 [Archytas.	Alexias, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
43. 10.	Military tribunes, 4 elected. P. Cornelius Cossus, &c. Pay first settled on the Roman foot soldiers. The Syracusans revolt from Dionysius, but are reduced. Diod.	349	23 Years of the Pelopon- eon. War. xxviii.	Athens besieged by sea and land, for about 6 months, then submits. An end put to the Peloponnesian war, and an oligarchy established at Athens, called the 30 tyrants. Lygander takes Samos.	4
11	Military tribunes, 6 elected. T. Quint. Capitol. &c. The soldiers' pay being settled, the siege of Veii is formed by the Romans.	350	24	The Spartans drive Clearchus the tyrant out of Byzantium. Thrasybulus drives the 30 tyrants out of Athens. Thucydides returns after 20 years exile.	5
12	Military tribunes, 6 elected. C. Valerius Potitus III. &c. Dionysius meditates war against Carthage.	351	25	The Spartans ravage the country of Elis. Diogenes, a tragic poet, flourishes at Athens. Suidas.	6
13	Military tribunes, 8 elected according to Livy, but 6 according to the Capitoline Tables; the two last being censors. Man. Aemilius Mamere. &c.	352	26	Agis retreats out of Elis, terrified by an earthquake. The Spartans send Thimbro to command the forces in Asia, after the battle of Cunaxa.	7
94. 4.	The Roman equites are allowed pay, but find their own horses.				
14	Military tribunes, 6 elected. C. Servil. Ahala III. &c. N. B. Socrates put to death this year; Laches being Archon. Dionysius founds Adranum, in Sicily. Provides for a war against Carthage.	353	27	Thimbro receives the remainder of the 10,000 Greeks, and makes war on the Persians. Agis again marches into Elis, which is ravaged. Peace between Elis and Sparta determined on.	8
15	Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Valerius Potitus IV. &c.	354	Reign of Agesilaus.	Thimbro not succeeding, Dercyllidas is sent by the Spartans. Conon, the Athenian, made admiral of the Persian fleet. Peace between Elis and Sparta concluded.	9
95. 2.	Dionysius gains over the Messenians; but the Rhegians refuse to join.				
16	Military tribunes, 6 elected. P. Licinius Calvus, the first Plebeian, an ancient senator, says Livy, was one; the other five were Patricians.	355	2	Dercyllidas brings over the cities of Aëolia. Attacks and defeats Pharnabazus.	10
95. 3.					
17	Military tribunes, 6 elected. M. Veturius, &c. Five of these were Plebeians. Dionysius takes Motya, after a long siege.	356	3	Dercyllidas makes a truce with Pharnabazus; returns into Europe; fortifies the Thracian Chersonese; returns into Asia; takes Atarnea.	11
95. 4.					

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings.	Ephori of Sparta.	A.C.
11] <b>ARCHELAUS.</b> This year, says Diodorus Siculus, was the 780th from the taking of Troy. See the Preface for this epocha.	344] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΟΥ δέκατη. [1 Darius Nothus dies just after the Peloponnesian war was finished; succeeded by ARTAXERXES MNEMON, called Arsaces.	4] PAUSIRIS.	[Eudicus.	404 Arachia, vel Pythodorus, Ar.
12] Zeuxis, of Heraclea, flourishes at this time, and brings painting almost to perfection. PLINY.	345] Dec. 2. [2 Cyrus receives the banished Clearchus, and makes him his friend.	5]		403 Euclides, Arch.
13] Polycletus seems to have flourished about this time, and to have produced rules for sculpture. PLINY.	346] [3	6]		402 Micio, Arch.
14] Hippocrates of Cos, and Democritus, die this year. Socrates slain.	347] Cyrus marches against Artaxerxes, but is slain at Cunaxa, early in the 4th year of the 94th Olympiad. The retreat of the 10,000 Greeks begun.	1] PSAMMITICHUS, descended from the former king of the same name, takes the throne about this time.		401 Eraneus, Arch.
1] Archelaus, king of Macedon, slain by Craterus. ORESTES, an infant, succeeds, but Aëropus governs. N. B. the copies of Diodorus must be wrong as to the reign of Archelaus, as may be discovered from that author. Vide 92d Ol. 3d year.	348] The 10,000 Greeks force Trapezus and the coast of Asia to Eu-	2] Pharnabazus being sent to settle affairs in Asia Minor, Tamus, a Persian admiral, flies to Psammitichus, in Egypt, and is murdered by the Egyptians for his wealth.		400 Laches, Archon.
	349] Dec. 1. [6 The 10,000 Greeks returned under the archonship of Laches; PAR. CHR. consequently before the summer solstice.	3]		399 Aristocrates, Arch.
3] Great war in Sicily, between Syracuse and Carthage.	350] In this reign Bagos, a general of Artaxerxes, promises Jesus, or Joshua, the High Priesthood of Jerusalem, who is soon after slain in the Temple, by his brother John. Time uncertain. JOSEPHUS.	1] NEPHREUS made king of Egypt this year.		398 Iphicles, Archon.
4] Zeuxis, Timanthes, and Parrhasius, painters, flourish in this Olympiad.	351] Tissaphernes, now governor general in Asia Minor, joins with Pharnabazus, and a truce is made with the Spartans.	2] Nephreus, king of Egypt, sends 300 triremes to the Spartans, with 50,000 measures of wheat, which are seized by Conon, at Rhodes.		397 Leptades, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta.	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4318	Military tribunes, 6 elected, all Patricians. L. Valerius Potitus V. &c. The Carthaginians retake Motya and Eryx; seize upon Himera, Lipara, and Messana.	357	4	Dercyllidas marches into Caria, and makes a truce with Tissaphernes; who, notwithstanding, prepares for war. Agesilaus goes into Asia, and Lysander recalled.	12
19	Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Jul. Julius, &c. N. B. Sparta at war with the Thebans. 96. 1. Lysander slain at Haliartus, 30 years from the battle of Delium. PLUTARCH.	358	5	Agesilaus attacks Phrygia, having before given out that he would march into Caria. The Thessalians, under Medius of Larissa, are at war with Lycophron, tyrant of Pherae. DIOD. SIC.	13
20	Military tribunes, 6 elected. P. Licinius Calvus, son of the former, &c. Camillus dictator. Veii taken.	359	6	Agesilaus gives the fleet to Pisander, and marches near Sardes, then attacks the territory of Pharnabazus; but is recalled, and immediately returns home. Lysander slain. Pausanias banished.	14
21	Military tribunes, 6 elected. P. Cornelius Cossus, &c.	360	7	Conon beats the Spartan fleet; Pisander slain. Agesilaus, in his return, fights the indecisive battle of Coronea. Iphicrates, the Athenian, gains many advantages in the Corinthian territory. AGESIPOLIS, king of Sparta, a minor.	1
22	Military tribunes. L. Furius Medullinus VI. &c. War in Sicily, between Dionysius and Carthage. Peace concluded.	361	8	Thrasybulus, with a good fleet, reduces Lesbos, which had revolted. Conon has good success.	2
97. 1.	L. Lucretius Flavus, Ser. Sulpicius Camer. The lands of the Veientes given to the people; 7 acres to each. LIVY.	362	9	Sparta gains the dominion of the sea, reduces Rhodes, &c. Agesilaus attacks the Argolis, and ravages it. Conon restores the long walls.	3
97. 2.	L. Valerius Potitus, M. Manlius. Lands of Veii divided amongst the people, according to the number of children.	363	10	Thimbro, the Spartan, slain near Ephesus.	4
97. 3.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Lucretius, &c.	364	11	Thrasybulus, after some success, is surprised, and slain at Aspendus.	5
97. 4.	The Gauls besiege Clusium. Dionysius attacks Italy, conquers some of the states, but treats them kindly.				

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings.	A.C.
5] <b>Æ R O P U S.</b>  Imilco, the general of Carthage, sent to Sicily, who, after some success, is miserably ruined, with his whole army.	352] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΟΥ δευτ. [9]	3] <b>NEPHREUS.</b>	396 Phormio, Arch.
6] <b>Æropus</b> , of Macedon, dies in the 6th year of his reign. <b>PAUSA- NIAS</b> , his son, succeeds.	353] Nov. 30. [10] Tissaphernes, deceived by Agesilaus, leaves Phrygia unguarded. Loses the battle of Dascylum.	4]	395 Dioprantus, Archon.
1] Pausanias slain in his first year. <b>AMYNTAS</b> , the son of Tharrha-leus, succeeds, who is soon driven out. <b>ARGÆUS</b> reigns.	354] Agesilaus defeats the Persians in Lydia. Tissaphernes put to death on suspicion. Tithraustes succeeds, who sends money into Greece to raise commotions.	5]	394 Eubulides, Archon.
1] Mago, general for the Carthaginians, in Sicily; who is at last defeated.  Satyrus, the Bosporan king, dies. Succeeded by Leucon, his son.	355] [12]	6]	393 Demosthenes, Arch.
2] About this time, Amyntas is restored by the Thebans.  N. B. The former year is given to Perdiccas, though Argæus reigned over part of Macedon.	356] Pharnabazus and Conon, [13] with their fleet, give liberty to the Grecian islands. Dercyllidas keeps Abydus in the Persian interest.	7]	392 Philocles, Archon.
3] Conon, the Athenian, being suspected by the Persians, is sent for, and imprisoned by Tiribazus, who had been brought over to the Spartan interest.	357] Nov. 29. [14] Evagoras being returned from exile, and getting possession of Salamis, in Cyprus, the other cities demand aid from Artaxerxes.	8]	391 Nicotes, Archon.
4] The Athenians send a fleet to the assistance of Evagoras; which is intercepted by Teleutias, the Spartan.	358] Artaxerxes sends Struthas, [15] his general, into Ionia; who gains some advantages near Ephesus.	9]	390 Demosthenes, Arch.
5]	359]	[16] <b>ACORIS</b> most probably succeeded Nephreus at this time. Evagoras draws him into a confederacy against the Persians.	389 Antipater, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4326	Military tribunes, 6 elected. M. Fabius Ambustus, &c. Rome burnt by the Gauls in the 1st year of the 98th Olympiad. DION. HAL. 120 years from the first consuls. Camillus recalled, and made dictator. Dionysius besieges Rhegium.	365	12	Iphicrates, the Athenian, succeeds Thrasylus, and fights the Spartan fleet. Anaxibius defeated, and slain.	6
98. 1.	Camillus continued in office.	366	13		7
98. 2.	Dionysius takes Rhegium. DIOD. SIC.			Peace of Antalcidas in the 2d year of the 98th Olympiad. Asia given up to the Persians. Greece, &c. at liberty, but really under Sparta.	
28	Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Valerius Poplicola II. &c.	367	14	Sparta grows insolent on the peace.	8
98. 3.					
29	Military tribunes, 6 elected. T. Quintius Cincin. &c. 4 new tribes added; total 25. Dionysius assists the Parians; who were founding the city of Pharos, in the Adriatic.	368	15	War with Mantinea, which is besieged by the Spartans the greater part of this year.	9
98. 4.					
30	Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Papirius Cursor, &c. According to Diodorus, L. Valerius and A. Manlius were consuls this year.	369	16	The exiles restored at the city of Phlius. Mantinea submits to the Spartans. Aristotle born. DION. HAL.	10
99. 1.					
31	Military tribunes, 6 elected. M. Furius Camillus V. &c. Dionysius wars with Carthage with various success; but at last is defeated, and makes an indifferent peace.	370	17	Embassadors heard against the Olynthians. Expedition against them resolved on. Eudamidas sent first, while his brother, Phœbidas, was to follow.	11
99. 2.					
32	Military tribunes, 6 elected. A. Manl. Capitolin. II. Cornel. Cossus, dictator. Diodorus Siculus differs from Livy this year.	371	18	Phœbidas seizes on the Cadmea at Thebes, on his march. Teleutias sent to Olynthus.	12
99. 3.					
33	Military tribunes, 6 elected. Ser. Cornel. Malugin. III. &c.	372	19	Teleutias slain. Agesipolis sent to command the Spartans. New troubles at Phlius, where Agesilaus commands.	13
99. 4.					

Egyptian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings and Contemporary Events.	A.C.
6] AMYNTHAS.	360] ΑΠΤΑΞΕΠΞΟΥ δευτ. [17 Chabrias, the Athenian, sent to Cy- prus, to assist Evagoras about this time.	2] ACORIS.	388 Pyrrhio, vel Pyr- gio, Archon.
7]	361] Nov. 28. [18	3]	387 Theodorus, Arch.
8]	362] Artaxerxes, now at peace [19 with Greece, turns his arms against Evagoras, in Cyprus. Defeats him in a sea engagement. Tiribazus blocks up Salamis. Evagoras flies to Egypt.	4] Acoris, king of Egypt, assists Evagoras with forces. The city of Tyre, and the king of Caria, Heca- tomnus, do the same.	386 Myrtichides, Arch.
9]	363] Evagoras returns, and offers [20 peace to Tiribazus; but his terms are rejected. Tiribazus being removed, Orontes, the Persian, grants him peace. DION. SIC.	5]	385 Dexitheus, Arch.
10]	364] [21	6]	384 Diotrephes, Arch.
11]	365] Nov. 27. [22	7]	383 Diotrephes, Arch.
12]	366] [23	8] Jannæus, High Priest of Jeru- salem, dies, having governed 32 years. CHR. PASC.	382 Menander, vel Evander, Arch.
13]	367] Jaddua, High Priest of Je- rusalem, son of Jannæus, or John.	9]	381 Demophilus, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4334 100. 1.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Valer. Potitus IV. &c.	373	20	Phlius still attacked by Agesilaus. Agesipolis, of Sparta, dies at Olynthus. Demosthenes born. DION. HAL.	14
35 100. 2.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. Sp. Papirius Crassus, L. Papirius, &c.	374	21	Polybiades, the Spartan, forces the Olynthians to submit; as Agesilaus does the Phlians, who held out 1 year 8 months. Sparta's power at its height.	3 Cleombrotus
36 100. 3.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. M. Furius Camillus VII. &c.	375	22	Thebes revolts against Sparta, who still holds the Cadmea, now besieged by the Bœotians, and at last taken.	2
37 100. 4.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Valerius Potitus V. &c. Quint. Cincinnatus, dictator.	376	23	All the states of Greece rise up against the Lacedæmonians. Pharnabazus persuades Athens to recall Chabrias from Egypt. Iphicrates sent to assist the Persians. Chios, Rhodes, Mitylene, and many other islands, with Byzantium, are joined with Athens. Timotheus takes Acarnania. The Thebans defeat the	3
38 101. 1.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. P. Manlius Capitol. &c.	377	24	Spartans at Orchomenos.	4
39 101. 2.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. Sp. Fur. Medullinus, &c.	378	25	Timotheus reduces Corcyra, and defeats Nicholochus the Spartan. Araros, the son of Aristophanes, a comic poet. SUID.	5
40 101. 3.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Aemilius Mamercinus, &c. The tribunes of the people press on the election of Plebeian consuls, and, according to Livy, prevent any magistrates being elected. Licinian law proposed.	379	26	The power of Thebes raises the jealousy of the other states of Greece. Peace between Athens and Sparta; but immediately broken.	6
41 101. 4.	According to Livy, no magistrates this year, but the tribunes of the people. Diodorus Siculus mentions military tribunes, L. Furius, &c.	380	27	The Spartans send Mnasippus to Corcyra, who is defeated, and slain before Iphicrates arrives with reinforcements from Athens. Plataea again destroyed by the Spartans.	7 PAUSAN.

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings and Contemporary Events.	A.C.
14] AMYN T A S.	368] APTAΞEPΞΟΥ δευτ. [25]	10] A C O R I S.	380 Pytheas, Arch.
N. B. Philoxenus, who gained the prize in dithyrambics, dies, æt. 60.			
15] Great plague at Carthage, on which the Africans and Sardinians revolt, but are reduced in a short time.	369] Nov. 26. [26] Darius, afterwards called Codomanus, born about this time [ARRIAN] the great grandson of Darius Nothus.	11]	379 Nicon, Arch.
16]	370]	[27] 12]	378 Naupinicus, Archon.
17]	371]	[28] 13] The length of the reign of Acoris is uncertain, but scarcely more than 13 years. PSAMMUTHIS reigned one year.	377 Callias, Archon.
N. B. Anaxandrides gains the prize in comedy: Callias, archon. PAR. CHR.			
18] Chabrias, the Athenian, gains a great victory over Pollis, the Spartan. Agesilaus being sick, Cleombrotus takes the command of the Spartans.	372]	[29] NEPHEROTES reigned 4 months; last of the Mendesian race.	376 Chariander, Arch.
19] Pyrro, the philosopher, is said to have flourished in this Olympiad. SUIDAS.	373] Nov. 25. [30]	1] NECTANEBUS, the first of the Sebennytic race.	375 Hippodamus, Arch.
20] At this time Evagoras slain at Salamis. Nicocles king. Diod. Sic. Photii Bib.	374] Pharnabazus commands [31] the Persians, and Iphicrates the mercenaries, against the Egyptians; but their attempts do not succeed. Iphicrates returns this year.	2] Nectanebus defended his country bravely, till the overflowing of the Nile stopped the Persian army: probably about June.	374 Socratus, Archon.
21] N. B. Asydamas gains the prize in tragedy. PAR. CHR.	375]	[32] 3]	373 Athenus, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U. C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4342 102. 1.	Livy has no magistrates this year. Diodorus Siculus, 6 military tribunes. L. and P. Valerius, &c.	381	28	The Spartans, and the rest of Greece, accept the peace, except the Thebans, which makes the Lacedæmonians march to Bœotia.	8
43 102. 2.	According to Livy, no magistrates but the tribunes. Diodorus Siculus mentions 8 military tribunes.	382	29	The Thebans under Epaminondas beat the Spartans at Leuctra. Cleombrotus, king of Sparta, slain. Megalopolis founded, in Arcadia.	9 Agesipolis II.
44 102. 3.	No magistrates, according to Livy. Diodorus Siculus names 4 military tribunes this year.	383	30	Jason prevails in Thessaly. Epaminondas draws many states into the Theban alliance. Sedition at Argos. Arcadians change the form of government. Jason slain, and Agesipolis of Sparta dies.	1 Agesipolis II. dies
45 102. 4.	No magistrates this year, according to Livy. Diodorus Siculus names however 6 military tribunes; but elected late in the year.	384	31	Polydorus, brother of Jason, slain. Alexander of Pheræ succeeds. The Thebans invade Sparta, who implore help from Athens. Epaminondas marches to the Eurotas: restores Messene.	1 Cleomenes II.
46 103. 1.	Military tribunes this year, 6 elected. Q. Servilius, M. Fabius II. &c. Dionysius dies in Sicily; succeeded by his son Dionysius.	385	32	Pelopidas taken in Thessaly, but relieved. The Spartans defeat the Arcadians, who build Megalopolis. 12 judges appointed to the Olympic games, according to the tribes of Elis.	2
47 103. 2.	Military tribunes, 6 elected, L. Quint. Capitol. Ser. Corn. Malugin VII. &c. Dionysius the Second sends troops to Sparta.	386	33	Epaminondas marches into Peloponnesus; draws many states into alliance. Aristotle comes to Athens, and remains with Plato 20 years.	3
48 103. 3.	Camillus IV. dictator;—abdicates. M. Manlius, dictator. No curule magistrates. 5 of the decemvirs, who took care of the Sybil's books, elected from the Plebeians.	387	34	The Athenians lose Oropus. The Coans build a new city. Pelopidas, the Theban, sent into Macedonia to settle the succession.	4
49 103. 4.	Military tribunes, 6 elected. A. Corn. Cottus II. M. Corn. Maluginensis II. &c. Camillus V. dictator. One Plebeian consul chosen.	388	35	The Eleans and Arcadians war concerning Triphylia. During this Olympiad, the Eleans are greatly afflicted by the war, and the 12 tribes reduced to 8.	5

Macédonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings and Contemporary Events.	A.C.
A MY N T A S. 22] Great earthquakes in Pelopon- nesus. Helice destroyed in the 4th year of the 101st Olympiad. PAUSAN.	376] APTAΞEPΞΟΥ διετ. [33 Artaxerxes makes a general peace amongst all the Greek states, except the Thebans.	4] NECTANEBUS.	372 Alcithenes, Archon.
23]	377] Nov. 24. [34	5]	371 Phrasicles, Archon.
24] Amyntas of Macedon dies this year, having just made a league with Jason of Thessaly: reigned 24 years.	378] [35	6] N.B. Under this archon, Dys- cinetus, Stesichorus the younger gains the prize in poetry at Athens. PAR. CHR.	370 Dyscinetus, Archon.
1] ASCANDER, son of Amyntas, succeeds to the throne of Macedon: reigns but one year, or a little more: slain by Ptolemy Alorites, the illegiti- mate son of Amyntas.	379] [36	7]	369 Lystratus, Arch.
1] Pausanias was a pretender to the crown, but driven out by Iphicrates, who set up Perdiccas; but he being soon expelled by PTOLEMY, Diodo- rus Siculus gives these years to the latter.	380] [37 N. B. Megalopolis finished. Naufi- genes, archon. DIOD.	8]	368 Naufgenes, Arch.
2]	381] Nov. 23. [38	9]	367 Polyzelus, Archon.
3] Pelopidas adjudges the crown to Perdiccas. Philip sent hostage to Thebes.	382] The king of Persia re- [39 ceives Pelopidas, as ambassador from Thebes.	10]	366 Cephisodorus, Archon.
1] Ptolemy Alorites, king of Mace- don, slain by PERDICCAS, who hav- ing held a small part of the kingdom before, now gains the whole.	383] [40	11]	365 Chion, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
435° 104. 1.	L. Æmilius. L. Sextius, the first Plebeian consul. Prætors and curule ædiles first appointed this year, both to be Patricians.	389	36	Epaminondas gives the Thebans a naval power. Pelopidas beats Alexander of Pheræ, but is slain. Eight judges only preside at the Olympic games.	6
51 104. 2.	L. Genucius, Q. Servilius. Diodorus places these consuls the next year.	390	37	Epaminondas marches into Peloponnesus; attacks Sparta in vain; gains the battle of Mantinea, but is slain.	7
52 104. 3.	C. Sulpicius Pæticus, C. Licin. Stolo.	391	38	Agæsilaus and the Spartans assist the states of Asia Minor and Egypt; but Agæsilaus is the first to join Nectanebus, the son of Tachos.	8
53 104. 4.	L. Æmilius Mamerc. II. Cn. Genucius. L. Manlius, dictator. Plague at Rome.	392	39	In the 4th year Alexander, of Pheræ, having plundered the Cyclades, attacks Peparethus, which is assisted by the Athenians, under Leosthenes; but that general is defeated by Alexander, condemned at Athens, and succeeded by Chares, who does no service to his country. DIOD. SIC.	9
54 105. 1.	Q. Servil. Ahala II. L. Genucius II. The people dispose of a military tribune's place this year, for the first time.	393	40		10
55 105. 2.	C. Sulpicius, C. Licin. Calvus. Quint. Capitol. dictator.	394	41 Achi- damus, his son, suc- ceeds.	Agæsilaus dies in his return out of Egypt; having reigned about 41 years.	11
56 105. 3.	M. Fabius, C. Pætelius. Q. Servil. Ahala, dictator. Tauromenium, in Sicily, founded by Andromachus. Dion collects forces against Dionysius.	395	1	This year the Amphyctyons make their decree against the Phocians. A fierce and cruel war in Eubœa. The Social war begins. Chians, Rhodians, Coans, and Byzantians, desert from Athens.	12
57 105. 4.	M. Popillius Lænas, Cn. Manlius. Dion chosen general by the Syracusans. Defeats Dionysius; who demands peace.	396	2	The Phocians, this summer, rise up in arms against the decree. The Social war continues. Alexander, of Pheræ, slain.	13

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings and Contemporary Events.	A. C.
2] PERDICCAS. N. B. The Pisæans and Arcadians celebrate these Olympic games; not al- lowed to be inrolled by the Eleans.	384] ΑΡΤΑΣΕΡΞΟΥ δευτ. [41]	12] NECTANEBUS.	364 Timocrates, Archon.
3] Praxiteles and Euphranor flour- ish at this time; and another painter of the name of Cydias.	385] Nov. 22. [42] Democritus dies. DIOG. LAER.	13]	363 Charicid:s, Archon.
4] Jaddua, High Priest of Jeru- alem, dies, having governed 20 years.	386] Rebellion in Egypt, under [43] Tachos; Ariobarzanes, in Phrygia; war under Tachos. Tachos going into Mausolus, in Caria; and Datames, in Cappadocia. DOD. SIC.	1] Chabrias and Agesilaus make war under Tachos. Tachos going into Phœnicia, Egypt revolts to Nectane- bus, his son.	362 Mō'on, Arch.
5] Onias, High Priest of Jeru- alem, in the place of Jaddua. CHR. PASCH.	387] This revolt continues, with [44] various success, to nearly the death of Artaxerxes. Datames was, in this space, taken off by treachery.	2] Nectanebus persuades the army to revolt. A competitor rises up against Nectanebus, who, against the advice of Agesilaus, neglects the affair too long.	361 Nicophemus, Arch.
1] Perdiccas being slain in the war with the Illyrians, PHILIP takes the crown; he restores discipline, buys off the Pœonian and Athenian invasions, and makes Amphipolis a free city.	388] The Egyptians having [45] deserted Tachos, he is reconciled to Ar- taxerxes, and has the command against Egypt.	3] About this time Agesilaus de- feats the competitor, and settles Nec- tanebus on the throne.	360 Callimedes, Arch.
2] Philip makes peace with Athens, subdues Pœonia, and defeats the Illy- rians.	389] Nov. 21. [46] Artaxerxes Mnemon died this year; but his son, Ochus, concealed his death 10 months, to secure the throne.	4]	359 Eutharitus, Arch.
3] Philip takes Amphipolis, Pydna, and Potidaea; seizes on Crenides, in Thrace; changes the name to Philippi.	390] ΩΧΟΥ. [47] OCHUS establishes himself on the throne, by the murder of almost all his kindred.	5]	358 Cephisodotus, Archon.
4] The Thessalians, having slain Alexander, of Pheræ, call in Philip to expel the other tyrants; which he effects.	391] Ochus, according to Justin, [2] makes war on the Cadusians about this time; in which war Codomanus dis- tinguished his courage in a single com- bat. We may, with great probability, place this event later.	6]	357 Agricæles, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
435 <sup>8</sup>	C. Fabius, C. Plautius. C. Sulpicius, dictator. The lex Ambitus, against canvassing in elections, first passed. Dionysius abandons Syracuse.	397	3	Sparta makes an alliance with the Phocians. The Social war ends, to the disadvantage of Athens. Peace is made, and the islands are left free.	14
59	C. Marcius, Cn. Manlius.	398	4	The Sacred war commences. Philomelus, chosen general, seizes on the Temple of Delphi. Demosthenes, now 25, begins to be an orator. <b>DION. HAL.</b>	15
60	M. Fab. Ambustus II. M. Popillius Lænas II. C. Marcius Rutilus, the first Plebeian dictator, triumphs without the consent of the senate. Dion slain in Sicily by the mercenaries.	399	5	Philomelus, the Phocian, seizes on the treasures at Delphi; defeats the Locri; is joined by the Spartans; but at last defeated and slain. Demosthenes's oration <i>de Clastibus</i> .	16
61	C. Sulpicius Paetius III. M. Valer. Poplicola.	400	6	Onomarchus takes the command of the Phocians. After some success, he is slain in Thessaly. Demosthenes's oration for the Megalopolitans. <b>DION. HAL.</b>	17
62	M. Fabius Ambustus III. T. Quintius; both Patricians.	401	7	Phayllus succeeds Onomarchus; but dies soon after of a consumption. Phalæcus succeeds, but Mnaseas is the chief general, who is shortly slain. Demosthenes's first Philippic.	18
63	C. Sulpicius Paetius IV. M. Valerius Popl. II. both Patricians. T. Manlius, dictator. The Syracusans take Rhegium, which held out for Dionysius.	402	8	Demosthenes makes his oration in favour of the Rhodians, now held in subjection by Artemisia, queen of Caria. N. B. Caria was at this time independent of Persia. <b>DEMOST.</b>	19
64	P. Valerius Popl. III. C. Marcius Rutilus, a Plebeian.	403	9		20
65	C. Sulpic. Paetius V. T. Quint. Pennus. C. Marcius Rutilus, the first Plebeian censor. Fab. Ambustus, dictator.	404	10	Demosthenes, this year, speaks three orations in favour of the Olynthians.	21

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Egyptian Kings and Contemporary Events.	A.C.
5] <b>P H I L I P.</b> Philip subdues the Illyrians, Thracians, and Paeonians, before they were prepared.	392] ΩΧΟΥ. [3]	7] <b>NECTANEBUS.</b>	356 Elpines, Arch.
6] Alexander, the son of Philip, born the same day the Temple of Diana, at Ephesus, was burnt by Herostratus.	393] Nov. 20. [4] Mausolus, king of Caria, by favouring the Aristocracy at Rhodes and Cos, gains a sovereignty over both.	8]	355 Callistratus, Archon.
7]	394]	[5] 9]	354 Diotimus, Archon.
Leucon, the Bosporan king, dies in the 40th year of his reign, 3d of the 106th Olympiad. <i>DION. SIC.</i>			
8] Philip, of Macedon, is defeated by Onomarchus and the Thessalians ; but conquers them afterwards.	395] Mausolus, king of Caria, dies ; [6] reigned 24 years. Artemisia succeeds. Clearchus, of Heraclea, slain. Oration of Demosthenes against Timocrates. <i>DION. HAL.</i>	10] Pigres, the brother of Artemisia, was a poet, and wrote the <i>Mar-gites</i> , ascribed to Homer. <i>SUIDAS.</i>	353 Eudemus, vel The-odemus, Archon.
9] Philip delivers Thessaly from its tyrants ; but, attempting to pass Thermopylæ to attack Phocis, is stopped by the Athenians.	396]	[7] 11]	352 Aristodemus, Archon.
10] Tennes, king of Sidon, revolts from Persia, assisted by Nectanebus ; who sends Mentor, the Rhodian, with troops. The city is utterly destroyed by Ochus, and the prophecies against it fulfilled.	397] Nov. 19. [8] Ochus, this year, relieves the Thessalians with money, renewes the war in Egypt, and recovers Cyprus and Phœnicia. Artemisia dies in Caria. Idrieus succeeds.	12] Tripolis, in Syria, is persuaded by Nectanebus to revolt from Persia ; but that city, with Sidon and Phœnicia, are reduced. Mentor, the Sidonian general, revolts to Ochus.	351 Theffatus, or The-ellus, Archon.
11] Rhodes recovers its liberty at Artemisia's death.	398] This year Nectanebus retires into Ethiopia. Ochus conquers all Egypt. Evagoras demands the kingdom of Cyprus, but is refused by Ochus.	[9] 13] Protagoras holds out Salamis, in Cyprus, against Evagoras. Nectanebus was the last Egyptian who reigned in Egypt.	350 Aristocles, Archon.
12] Spartacus, the Bosporan, dies, having reigned 5 years. Philip takes the Chalcidic territory.	399] Mentor, the Rhodian general, and governour of Asia Minor, under Ochus, reduces the whole country. Bagoas, the eunuch, an Egyptian by birth, governs the rest.	[10] Ochus destroys the Egyptian temples ; carries off the sacred records, which are redeemed by Bagoas. Pherendates left to govern Egypt.	349 Callimachus, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	King of Sparta.	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4366 108. 1.	M. Popill. Lænas, L. Corn. Scipio. Ten judges appointed to preside at Olympia, which number was not increased.	405	11	Plato dies this year. Aristotle retires to Hermeas, tyrant of Atarnea. Peace between Athens and Philip, which lasts above 7 years.	22
67 108. 2.	L. Furius Camillus, App. Claud. Crassus ; died in his office. T. Manlius Torquatus, dictator. Diodorus differs from Livy.	406	12	The Phocians defeated by the Thebans, at Hyampolis, who are soon after defeated at Coronea, by the Phocians. Demosthenes speaks his 6th Philippic.	23
68 108. 3.	M. Valerius Corvus. M. Popillius Lænas IV. The Syracusans send for aid to the Corinthians, who direct Timoleon to undertake their affairs.	407	13	The Amphyctyons call in Philip. The Sacred war is ended. The Phocians very severely treated. Demosthenes's oration on the Peace.	24
69 108. 4.	T. Manlius Torquatus, C. Plautius. Timoleon defeats Icetas, and by a stratagem takes possession of Syracuse in one part; Icetas has another, and Dionysius the island.	408	14	Aristotle leaves Atarnea, and retires to Mitylene. DION. HAL.	25
70 109. 1.	M. Valer. Corvus II. C. Pœtelius. Timoleon, with new forces, obliges Icetas to abandon his part of Syracuse.	409	15	Demosthenes speaks his 7th Philippic. DION. HAL.	26
71 109. 2.	M. Fabius Dorso, Serv. Sulpicius Camerinus. Diodorus omits these consuls. Timoleon forces Dionysius to abdicate, and settles the republic of Syracuse.	410	16	Aristotle resides in Macedonia 8 years. DION. HAL. Demosthenes's 8th Philippic. DION. HAL.	27
72 109. 3.	C. Marcus Rutilus, T. Manlius Torquatus II. Timoleon again defeats Icetas.	411	17	Demosthenes speaks his 9th and 10th Philippics, DION. HAL. and defends Diopithes, who had attacked Philip during the peace.	28
73 109. 4.	M. Valerius Corvus III. A. Cornelius Coslus. War begun with the Samnites : they are victorious this year. Census about this time, 160,000 fighting men. EUSEB.	412	18	Demosthenes's 11th Philippic. Phocion, the Athenian, drives Clitarchus out of Eretria in Eubœa. Chares, the Athenian, sent to assist the Corinthians ; but for his profligacy is not received.	29

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
P H I L I P. 13] Paryades, the Bosporan, succeeds Spartacus, reigns 38 years. Philip takes Olynthus this year, by treachery.	400] ΩΧΟΥ. [11 This eunuch retains an implacable hatred to Ochus, for the destruction of the Egyptian temples.	Plato dies in his 81st year, in the month, Thargelion. <i>Diog. Laer.</i> from Hermippus.	348 Theophilus, Archon.
14]	401] Nov. 18.	[12 Speusippus succeeds to the school of Plato.	347 Themistocles, Archon.
15] Treaty between Rome and Carthage this year. The latter had Africa, Sardinia, and part of Sicily. Philip passes Thermopylae, enters Phocis, and returns to Macedon victorious.	402]	[13]	346 Archias, Arch.
16]	403]	[14]	345 Eubulus, Archon.
17]	404]	[15] Idrieus, chief of Caria, dies, succeeded by Ada.	344 Lyciscus, Archon.
18] Philip reduces Cersobleptes, in Thrace, and forces him to pay tribute. Sends for Aristotle.	405] Nov. 17.	[16]	343 Pythodotus, Arch.
19] Arymbas, king of the Moloffi, dying, Philip places Alexander, brother to Olympias, on the throne. Diodotus attacks Philip's dominions in Thrace.	406]	[17]	342 Sosigenes, Arch.
20] Philip attacks Perinthus, and afterwards Byzantium.	407] Ochus growing suspicious of Philip, orders his generals to assist Perinthus. Pexodorus, prince of Caria, expels Ada. Onias, High Priest of Jerusalem, dies. <i>Par. Chr.</i>	[18]	341 Nicomachus, Archon.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4374 110. 1.	C. Marcius Rutilus, Q. Servilius Ahala. Valer. Corvus, dictator. Timoleon defeats this year the Carthaginian forces in Sicily.	413	19	Phocion sent with troops to assist the Perinthians; is received by the inhabitants, and repels Philip. Demosthenes's 12th and last Philippic.	30
75 110. 2.	C. Plautius II. L. Aemilius. Timoleon relieves the Sicilians; makes an advantageous peace with Carthage.	414	20		31
76 110. 3.	T. Manl. Torquatus III. P. Decius Mus. The Latins revolt, but are defeated. The Tarentines and Metapontines are attacked by the Spartans, whose king Archidamus is slain.	415 First Year of Agis II.	1	Athens and Thebes unite against Philip, but are totally defeated. Isocrates dies, aged 98.	32
77 110. 4.	T. Aemilius, Q. Publilius Philo. This last, a Plebeian, dictator. From this time the plebiscita extend to Senators. One of the censors a Plebeian. Timoleon dies in Sicily.	416	2	Philip settles the states of Greece, and a general assembly is convened.	33
78 III. 1.	L. Furius Camillus, C. Mænius. The Latins now reduced, but treated mildly.	417	3	All Greece in motion, on the death of Philip. Thebes revolts, on a report of Alexander's death. Demosthenes stirs up the Athenians.	34 Arcus.
79 III. 2.	C. Sulpic. Longus, P. Aelius Paetus. Publilius Philo, the first Plebeian prætor. Claud. Crassus, dictator. In Diodorus, the 2d consul, called L. Papirius.	418	4	The Greek states all submit to Alexander; Athens and the rest are pardoned. Aristotle returns to Athens, and teaches in the Lyceum 12 years.	1
80 III. 3.	L. Papirius Crassus, Cæso Duilius. Philemon of Syracuse, a writer of the new comedy, flourishes about this time. Suidas.	419	5	Lysippus brings statuary to perfection, as Apelles does painting, about this time.	2
81 III. 4.	M. Valerius Corvus IV. M. Atilius Regulus. L. Aemilius Mamercinus, dictator.	420	6	Agis, King of Sparta, joins with Pharnabazus and Autophardates, to raise troubles in Greece, but their designs are defeated by the battle of Isus.	3

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
P H I L I P. 21] Philip obliged to raise the sieges of Perinthus and Byzantium.	408] ΩΧΙΥ. [19 Eleazar High Priest of Jerusalem.		340 Theophrastus, Archon.
22] Philip endeavours, about this time, to unite with the Thebans to attack Attica, or to suffer him to pass. DION. HAL.	409] Nov. 16. [20		339 Lysimachides, Archon.
23] Philip enters Greece, under pretence of a Sacred war; seizes on Elatea; subdues the Thebans and Athenians, at Chæronea.	410] [21		338 Chærondas, Archon.
24] Philip appointed generalissimo of the Grecian states, against Persia.	411] ΑΡΩΓΟΥ. [1 Ochus, the beginning of this year, poisoned by Bagoas the eunuch. ARSES succeeds. Ariobarzanes dies, succeeded by Mithridates.		337 Phrynicus, Arch.
25] Philip prepares for the Persian war; sends Parmenio into Asia; but is slain by conspiracy. ALEXANDER succeeds, 20 years old. Marches to the Ister; conquers the Thracians and Illyrians.	412] Arses being a child, Bagoas [2 governs the empire.		336 Pythodorus, vel Pythodorus, Arch.
1] Alexander marches hastily into Greece, destroys Thebes, and is appointed commander against the Persians.	413] ΔΑΠΕΙΟΥ τρι. [1 Nov. 15. Bagoas poisons Arses, and sets up DARIUS. According to Diodorus, Arses had begun his 3d year. Darius puts Bagoas to death.		335 Exænus, Arch.
2] Alexander early crosses the Hellespont; gains the battle at the Granicus; takes in the coast of Asia Minor; winters in that country.	414] Memnon appointed general by Darius; he is sent into Phrygia; but his advice of procrastinating the war is rejected by Darius's officers. Ada restored to Caria, by Alexander.		334 Ctesicles, Archon.
3] Alexander marches into Cilicia; takes Tarsus; gains the battle of Issus in October; drives Darius beyond the Euphrates.	415] Memnon sent with a fleet, [3 takes in Chios, and part of Lesbos, but dies at the siege of Mitylene. Charidemus slain by Darius's order, the last able man in his service.	Amyntas, flying from Issus, where he had fought for Darius, endeavours to gain a footing in Egypt, but is slain soon after.	333 Nicocrates, Arch.

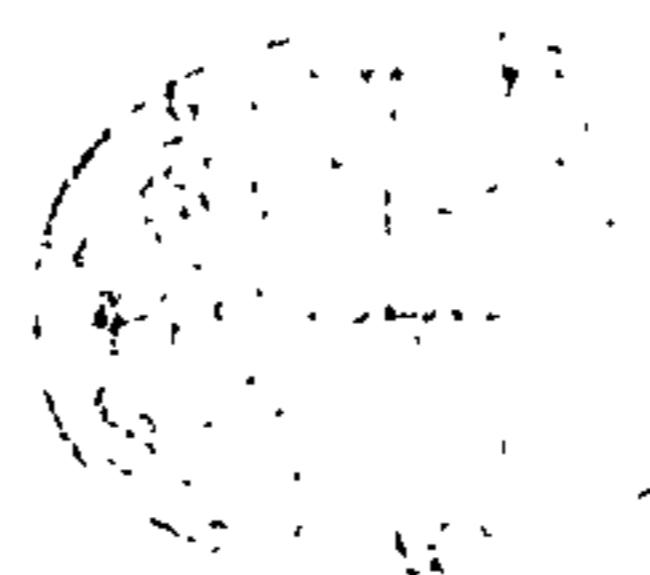
J. P.	Consular Table.	U.C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4382 112. 1.	T. Veturius, Sp. Postumius. Cornel. Rufinus, dictator. Alexander, king of Epirus, makes a treaty with Rome.	421	7	Philippides, an Athenian writer of the new comedy, flourished in this Olympiad. <i>Suid.</i>	4
83 112. 2.	A. Cornelius II. Cn. Domitius, not elected till late this year.	422	8	Dracon, a celebrated physician, the 5th descent from Hippocrates, flourishes. <i>Suidas.</i>	5
84 112. 3.	M. Claud. Marcellus, C. Valerius. Many put to death, on suspicion of poisoning, this year. Cn. Quintilius, dictator.	423 Eudamidas.	9	The Greeks, hearing of the battle of Arbela, revolt, under Agis, but are totally defeated by Antipater, and Agis slain, having reigned 9 years, says <i>Diod. Sic.</i>	6
85 112. 4.	L. Papirius Crassus II. L. Plautius Venno. According to Livy, the Romans had now 250,000 effective men, and maintained 10 legions.	424	1	Eudamidas, a younger brother of Agis, succeeds to the throne of Sparta. <i>PAUSAN.</i>	7
86 113. 1.	L. Aemilius Mamercinus, C. Plautius.	425	2	Great tumults in Greece, supported and encouraged by the Persians. Harpalus, governour of Babylonia, conscious of misconduct, flies with his treasures into Greece.	8
87 113. 2.	P. Plautius Proculus, P. Cornelius Scapula.	426	3	Harpalus is driven from Athens. Demosthenes, who favoured him, banished.	9
88 113. 3.	L. Cornelius Lentulus, Q. Publilius Philo II.	427	4	The mercenary Greeks, who served the Persian satraps, being dismissed by Alexander's order, ravage Asia first, and then pass over into Europe.	10
89 113. 4.	C. Poetelius II. L. Papirius Mugillanus. Publius continues in office by the name of Proconsul, and triumphs when his office was expired.	428	5	Alexander, king of Epirus, making war in Italy, is slain by an exile of Lucania. <i>Livy.</i>	11

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
ALEXANDER. 4] Alexander reduces Syria. Tyre holds out a long siege; taken in July. Gaza reduced soon after. He then marches towards Egypt.	416] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΤ τε. [4 The prosperity and destruction of Tyre are described in Zechariah, ch. ix. ver. 3, 4. Azelmic, king of Tyre, at this time.	Strato, king of Sidon, deposed by Alexander. Ballonymus elected. N. B. New Tyre had subsisted 240 years.	332 Niceates, Arch.
5] All Egypt submits to Alexander; who founds Alexandria; visits the oracle of Hammon; returns to the East; gains the battle of Arbela about November; takes possession of Babylon.	417] ΕΛΛΗΝΩΝ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΣ. [1 ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΥ τε ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΟΣ. Nov. 14. Darius, being totally routed at Arbela, flies into Media.	Alexander endeavours to restore the city of Tyre, saves Azelmic, and sets him on the throne.	331 Aristophanes, Archon.
6] Alexander passes the Pasitigris; conquers the Uxians; then takes Susa; burns Persepolis; reduces Media, and pursues Bessus.	418] Darius purposed laying waste [2 the country, and flying into Bactria; but is seized by Bessus, and at last murdered, about June this year; being about 50 years old.	Demosthenes's oration <i>de Coronâ</i> , under this archon. Calippus forms his period of 76 years; probably near the winter.	330 Aristophanes, Archon.
7] Bessus having seized on Bactriana, Alexander, now acknowledged king of Persia and Media, conquers Hyrcania and the Mardi; takes Drangina; assumes now the manners of the Persians. Philotas executed with his father, Parmenio, being suspected of a conspiracy.	419]	[3]	329 Cephisophon, Arch.
8] Alexander subdues Paropamisus; passes Caucasus; founds Alexandria near the mountains, and other towns; marches into Bactriana. Bessus is delivered up to him, who is executed. He then marches to the Indus, and crosses it. Mophis, called also Taxiles, submits to him.	420]	[4]	328 Euthycrius, Arch.
9] Alexander marches against Porus, king over part of India; defeats him in April, takes him prisoner, but treats him kindly; sails down the Indus to the Ocean; sends Nearchus to pursue the discoveries; founds another Alexandria. Marries Statira, daughter of Darius. Receives new supplies from Greece.	421] Nov. 13.	[5]	327 Hegemon, Archon.
10] Alexander chooses a guard of a thousand Persians; marches towards Media, through Celonæ and Bagistane; stays some time at Ecbatana, where Hephaestion dies. Alexander subdues the Collæi in 40 days.	422]	[6] Eleazar, High Priest of Jerusalem, dies.	326 Chremes, vel Articles, Archon.
11]	423]	[7] Alexander enters Babylon, where he resides this year, contrary to the advice of the Persians. Simon the Just, High Priest at Jerusalem.	325 S. ficit, Arch.

J. P.	Consular Table.	U. C.	Kings of Sparta	Transactions in Greece.	Kings of Sparta
4390 114. 1.	L. Furius Camillus, D. Jun. Brutus. L. Papirius, dictator. These consuls placed by Diodorus one year later, like the preceding.	429	6	Diogenes, the Cynic, dies, in the 113th Olympiad. <i>Suidas.</i> After Alexander's death, Aristotle retires to Chalcis, and dies in his 63d year. DION. HAL.	12
91 114. 2.	C. Sulpicius Longus, Q. Auliis Cerretanus.	430	7		13

Macedonian Kings and Contemporary Events.	Era of Nabonassar.	Contemporary Events.	A.C.
12] ALEXANDER.	<p>ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΥ τε ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΟΣ.</p> <p>424] Alexander receives embaf- [8 fadors from Greece, Africa, Carthage, and the Asiatic nations.</p> <p>Hephæstion is magnificently bu- ried, and enrolled with the gods.</p>		324 Hegesias, Arch.
13]	<p>Nov. 12.</p> <p>Alexander dies this year at a feast, aged 32 years 8 months; having reigned 12 years 8 months. His death was during the archonship of Hege- sias. <b>ARRIAN.</b></p>		323 Cephisodorus, Archon.

F I N I S.



ERRATA in the TABLES.

Page 1. for *Balcazar* read *Baleazar*.  
— 7. for *Jabrimon* read *Tabrimon*.  
— 97. for *Miletian* read *passim* *Milefian*.  
— for *Herinna* read *Erinna*.